BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

BY WHEELER & LYNDE. MONDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 11, 1867. VOLUME XXXIV—NUMBER 36.

THE BANGOR

Daily Whig & Courier,

PUBLISHED MORNINGS,

[illegible] Block, East End Kenduskeag Bridge, on the Lower Floor.

$8.00 per Year.
4.00 for Six Months.
2.00 for Three Months.
INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

The Bangor Weekly Courier

IS PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY,

[illegible] of the Daily Whig and Courier, at Two [illegible] year, invariably in advance.

WHEELER & LYNDE, PROPRIETORS.
[illegible] WHEELER. JOHN H. LYNDE.

AGENCIES.

[illegible] & Co., 10 State Street, Boston, [illegible] Row, New York, are authorized Agents [illegible] Advertisements and Subscriptions for [illegible]

[illegible] Agent, St. Hay's Building, Court [illegible]

[illegible] must in all cases be paid in advance. [illegible] finding his notice marked, will [illegible] the time for which they paid has [illegible] expires.

BUSINESS CARDS.

EBEN STEVENS,
MANUFACTURING
JEWELER & ENGRAVER,
No. 36 Hammond Street,
[illegible] the Court House, - - Bangor, Me.



MUSIC!

GETCHELL'S BANGOR QUADRILLE BAND most respectfully give notice that they are prepared to furnish Music for Balls, Parties, Fairs, Excursions, and all occasions where [illegible]. Also, music furnished for private [illegible] number of pieces furnished.— [illegible] Applications made to White's [illegible] to any member of the Band, will be attended to.
Band Head-quarters over White's Music [illegible] Kenduskeag Bridge.
[illegible] Getchell, 1st Violin; Melville H. Andrews [illegible] Wilder, Cornet; Chas. [illegible] Wm. M. Small, Double [illegible]

Pitcher, Fuller & Co.,
Commission Merchants and Receivers of Flour and Produce.
Dealers in Ship Stores and Chandlery,
No. 21 Commercial Street, BOSTON.
[illegible] Jan 18

ROBERT TREAT & CO.
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
CORN & FLOUR,
W. I. GOODS, GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS, SHIP CHANDLERY &C.
No. 12 Exchange St. Opposite Post Exchange.
ROBERT TREAT, JOHN STRANGE.

French Porcelaine!

We have just opened a NEW STOCK of China, Dinner, Tea and Toilet Ware, in
White & Gold Band,
Of New and Desirable Patterns.
Rich Vases and Fancy Ware,
IN GREAT VARIETY.
Silver Plated Knives, Spoons, Forks and Castors.
FINE TABLE CUTLERY,
Ivory, Rubber, and Common; direct from the Manufacturers, and selling at low prices, at No. 1 Main Street.
RICKER & IRELAND.

Jordan & Mannigan,
Manufacturers of and Dealers in
HARNESSES!
Collars, Whips, Halters,
SURCINGLES, &c., &c.,
Corner of Harlow and Central Sts,
Near the Franklin House.
[illegible] a good assortment of Harnesses [illegible] constantly manufacturing, from the best [illegible] usually found in a Harness shop. [illegible] attention paid to ordered work. We [illegible] Harnesses per cent. cheaper than any [illegible] in town. All are invited to call and examine [illegible] stock. Repairing done promptly. A [illegible] hand Harnesses for sale cheap.
EDWARD JORDAN. WM. MANNIGAN.

J. L. MITCHELL,
Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law
OFFICE,
No. 15 WEST MARKET SQUARE,
Bangor, Maine.
Will give prompt and personal attention to the [illegible] of all demands, and to all other business [illegible] to his care. sept 5—3aw

LOTHROP, BEARSE & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
EXCELSIOR BURNING OIL,
Fish Oil, Coal, Sperm, Whale, Lard, and Lubricating Oils, also
[illegible] FLUID, PETROLEUM and BENZINE [illegible] Burners, Fluid Tubes, Wicking, &c.
NO. 43 INDIA STREET, BOSTON.
J. W. Handy, Travelling Agt.
[illegible] COLTON, General Agent for Bangor.

WAR CLAIMS,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
Promptly collected on the most liberal terms,
By Perkins & Smith,
[illegible] 21 West End Kenduskeag Bridge,
BANGOR, MAINE.
[illegible] L. PERKINS, DANIEL SMITH, Jr.
NATHAN L. PERKINS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
may 31

FURS!



Cleaned, Repaired and Made Over, in the best manner, by
Fred. R. Seeden,
Practical Furrier
58 Main Street over F. Meinecke's Fancy Goods Store.
Furs & Skins bought at the highest market price. n222m

HORTON & PATTEN,
DEALERS IN
Pianos, Cabinet Organs, Melodeons, Violins, Guitars & Strings
MUSIC BOOKS AND SHEET MUSIC
[illegible] & REPAIRING DONE TO ORDER.
No. 7, East End Kenduskeag Bridge,
[illegible] HORTON, [illegible] PATTEN, apr 10 BANGOR, ME.

J. H. CLEROUR
BARBER,
AND
Ladies' and Gents'
Wig-Maker,
Has removed to No. 115 Exchange St., over Blood & Rowe's.
dec22 Ladies' Entrance No. 115.



REMOVAL.

[illegible] GREEN HOUSE has been removed from [illegible] Street [illegible]
Boquets, [illegible]
[illegible]

BUSINESS CARDS.

JOHN B. FOSTER. JOSEPH W. FREESE.
JOHN B. FOSTER & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
Auctioneers & Insurance Agents,
No. 44 West Market Square, Bangor, Me.
Particular attention given to the sale of Real Estate, Merchandise and Personal Property. may18

WM. T. HILLIARD,
Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law,
—OFFICE—
Over Mercantile Bank, Hammond St.
Bangor, Nov. 22, 1866.—tf (Times copy)

Tags & Forwarding Cards,
PRINTED IN THE BEST STYLE,
AT THE
WHIG & COURIER JOB OFFICE,
KENDUSKEAG BRIDGE.

Insurance Policies
PRINTED AT THE
Whig & Courier Job Office,
BOWMAN'S BLOCK.

Lantern and Foot Stool!



MANUFACTURED BY
G. G. RICE, Bangor.

WARMER, LANTERN and FOOT STOOL combined, is one of the most useful and comfortable articles for the Doctors, Clergymen, all Professional and Business Men, Mechanics, Carriage Drivers and Teamsters, and especially, all the Ladies should be supplied with them.

You can ride all day with warm feet, go to lecture a dark night, have a lantern and a good warmer and rest for the feet while there.

It is neatly arranged, no heavier than a common lantern, no possible danger of fire, and admirably adapted for either a foot rest, warmer, or lantern.

Town and County rights for sale. Also for sale by JENNESS & SONS, and D. P. WOOD.
dec18 d3w

New Patterns!

Stamping,
Braiding,
Embroidery,
and Sewing,
Of all kinds, done to order, at the
BANGOR BAZARR,
dec28 eaw eF No. 1 Johnson's Block.

FELLOWS' ORIGINAL
WORM LOZENGES.

WE can with confidence point to FELLOWS' WORM LOZENGES as the most perfect remedy for these troublesome pests.

INTESTINAL WORMS.

After years of careful experiment, success has crowned our efforts, and we now offer to the world a confection without a single fault, being safe, convenient, effectual and pleasant. No injurious result can occur, let them be used in whatever quantity. Not a particle of calomel enters their composition. They may be used without further preparation, and at any time. Children will eagerly devour all you give them, and ask for more. They never fail in expelling Worms from their dwelling-place, and they will always strengthen the weak and emaciated, even when he is not afflicted with worms.

Various remedies have, from time to time, been recommended, such as calomel, oil of wormseed, turpentine, &c., producing dangerous and sometimes fatal consequences. After much research, study and experiments, embracing several years, the proprietors of FELLOWS' WORM LOZENGES have succeeded in producing this remedy, free from all objections, and positively safe, pleasant and effectual. They do not kill the worms, but act by making their dwelling-place disagreeable to them. In order to assure consumers of the genuineness of these Lozenges, the analysis of DR. A. A. HAYES, State Assayer, is annexed:—

"I have analyzed the WORM LOZENGES prepared by Messrs FELLOWS & CO., and find that they are free from mercury and other metallic or mineral matter. These Lozenges are skilfully compounded, pleasant to the taste, safe, yet sure and effectual in their action. Respectfully, A. A. HAYES, M. D. Assayer to the State of Mass."

Price 25 cents per Box; Five for $1.

GEORGE W. SWETT, Proprietor of the NEW ENGLAND BOTANIC DEPOT, 106 HANOVER ST., BOSTON, MASS., Sole Agent for the United States, to whom all orders should be addressed.
B. F. BRADBURY, and J. F. PATTEN & CO., Gen'l Agent, Bangor.
Sold by Dealers in Medicines everywhere.
oct 31 dow6md

NOTICE
TO SELLERS OF INTOXICATING LIQUORS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That by an order of the Mayor and Aldermen, passed May 14, 1866, the City Marshal is directed to enforce the Act entitled an Act for the suppression of Drinking Houses and Tippling Shops, approved March 25th, 1858, and acts additional thereto. In obedience to said orders, the undersigned will proceed to take measures to enforce the provisions of said act in all cases of violation thereof in this city, from and after Monday next. H. B. FARNHAM,
may 16 City Marshal.

American Lloyds!

THE UNDERSIGNED hereby gives notice that he has been appointed agent of American Lloyds, for the State of Maine, and is prepared to inspect vessels of all sizes in course of construction, and report the same for classification.

Ship builders and owners would therefor confer a favor by sending me early notice of the vessels they are building for which a class is desired.
WILLIAM ROGERS, Inspector.
Bath, Maine, Nov. 9th, 1866. n28 2m*

POTASH.

A SPLENDID THING,
JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE BY
BLOOD & ROWE,
Jan 7 12 Exchange Street

Checks, Notes & Drafts,
PRINTED IN GOOD STYLE,
AT THE
WHIG & COURIER JOB OFFICE,
KENDUSKEAG BRIDGE.

HO! FOR THE WOODS!

500 Doz. Chopping Axes,
Comprising the very best brands in the market.
BEAN POTS, Cross-Cut Saws, Chains, Knives and Forks, Sled Shoes, &c. &c.
SELLING CHEAP AT
M. SCHWARTZ'S,
oct10 Nos. 139 and 141 Exchange Street.

CAMDEN
ANCHOR WORKS

WE are now making ANCHORS of all sizes, and selling at the lowest market rates.
Heavy forging done to order. All work warranted. H. E. & W. G. ALDEN,
Camden, Sept. 18, 1866. Proprietors.

Dye Stuffs!

DYE WOODS, ALL KINDS, Indigo, Lac Dye [illegible] Extract [illegible]
[illegible]

Flour [illegible]

[illegible]

Bank Notice.

THE following are the 1st and 2d Sections of an act of the Legislature passed Feb. 20, 1866:

"SECTION 1. In all cases where the liability of any bank in this State to redeem its bills would expire in the year 1866, but for the provisions of this act, such liability shall be extended until the 1st day of March, 1867, except such banks as are now in the hands of the Receivers."

"SECT. 2. The Bank Commissioners shall publish in one or more newspapers nearest the place where a bank is situated, and in such other newspapers as they may see fit, a notice of the time when the liability of such bank will cease for the redemption of its bills, said notice to be continued for three months next before the time named therefor."

The liability of the following banks to redeem their bills, which would have expired in the year 1866, and after the passage of this act is, by the first section of the act, extended until the 1st day of March, 1867:

Augusta B'k, at Augusta. Long Reach Bank, at Bath.
Bath Bank, at Bath.
Bank of Somerset, at Skowhegan. Lewiston Falls Bank, at Lewiston.
Bank of Winthrop, at Winthrop. Marine Bank, at Damariscotta.
Freemans Bank at Augusta. Northern Bank, at Hallowell.
Granite B'k, at Augusta. Oakland Bank, at Gardiner.
International Bank, at Portland. Orono Bank, at Orono.
Kenduskeag Bank, at Bangor. Skowhegan Bank, at Skowhegan.

A. C. ROBBINS, } Bank
T. E. W. BB, } Commissioners.
Nov. 29, 1866. 1aw3m

Job Printing.

THE BANGOR DAILY
Whig & Courier Office,
NO. 1 BOWMAN'S BLOCK,
East End Kenduskeag Bridge on the Lower Floor

ALL KINDS OF PLAIN & FANCY
JOB PRINTING,
EXECUTED WITH
Neatness and Dispatch.

We have all the facilities for doing Job Work which are to be found this side of Boston, and shall endeavor, at all times, to see that the work is promptly and faithfully done, and hope to receive sufficient additional patronage to remunerate us for the large outlay and expense incurred to promote the comfort of our customers, and save them the trouble of climbing two or three flights of stairs, to procure a job of printing.

WE INTEND TO KEEP UP WITH THE
Modern Improvements,
and give our customers
AS GOOD WORK AS CAN BE SECURED.

We have now in our Office, among other Materials,
A Splendid
Babcock Steam Power Press;
Babcock Steam Power half-medium Jobber;
Babcock quarter-medium Jobber;
Babcock eighth-medium Card Press;
Ruggles Rotary Card Press;
Adams Steam Propeller Job Press;
Large and Small Hand Presses;
Ruggles Paper Cutter;
Patent Card Cutter, &c., &c.

And are constantly receiving additions of TYPE from Philadelphia, New York, and Boston Foundries.

WE ARE PREPARED TO EXECUTE,
IN THE BEST STYLE,

Mammoth Posters,	Blank Books,
Hand Bills,	Blank Notes,
Shop Bills,	Bills of Lading,
Programmes,	Insurance Blanks,
Circulars,	Town Blanks,
Way Bills,	Wood Bills,
Bills of Fare,	Hay Bills,
Bill Heads,	Milk Bills
Labels of all kinds,	Surveyor's Bills
Bank Checks,	School Bills,
Bank Books,	Invoices, &c., &c.

WEDDING. VISITING,
—AND—
Business Cards,
OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS AND QUALITIES,
As Cheap as any other Establishment in this Vicinity.

Persons wishing for work in our line, are invited to call, as

WE CAN SUIT THEM,
BOTH AS TO STYLE AND PRICE.

PRINTING DONE
WITH
Black, Blue, or Red Ink,
OR WITH
TWO OR MORE COLORS.
And particular attention paid to
BRONZE WORK!

REMEMBER THE PLACE!
No. 1,
BOWMAN'S BLOCK,
EAST END KENDUSKEAG BRIDGE,
ON THE LOWER FLOOR,
WHEELER & LYNDE.

JOHNSON'S
Improved Gold Medal
LOCK-STITCH
SEWING MACHINE.

THE origins of this machine, which was placed on exhibition with some forty others in the Mechanics' Fair in Boston, in Sept. 1860, was pronounced superior to all others, and received the highest prize, a Gold Medal.

Notwithstanding the favor with which these machines have been received, the inventor has greatly increased its value by adding several improvements, making it now the most simple and reliable sewing machine in the world.

These machines are the first introduced into this city, a lady of this city, who has one of the old Gold Medal Machines, sends us the following flattering testimonial.

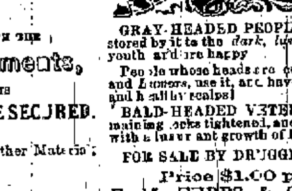
MR. LOWELL—Dear Sir—Having used the Old Gold Medal Sewing machine in my family over five years, I am happy to inform you I am pleased with it in every respect. It has never been out of order or occasioned me any trouble since I have had it in my possession, and I can cheerfully recommend it to any one wishing a Good Sewing Machine.
Yours respectfully,
MRS. B. R. BALDWIN, Summer Street.

Every machine warranted and put up in any variety of style desired, from $60 to $160.
JOHN LOWELL, AGENT,
No. 14 Main St., Bangor, Me.
dec 21 T&F and W1m

THE
MINERAL BATH AT HOME.
Dyspepsia Cured,
Rheumatism Cured,
Eruptions on the Face Cured,
Scrofula Cured,
[illegible]

Counting Room Almanac for 1867.

	SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY
JANUARY			1	2	3	4	5
	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
	27	28	29	30	31		
FEBRUARY						1	2
	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	24	25	26	27	28		
MARCH						1	2
	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
	31						
APRIL		1	2	3	4	5	6
	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
	28	29	30				
MAY				1	2	3	4
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	26	27	28	29	30	31	
JUNE							1
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
	30						
JULY		1	2	3	4	5	6
	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
	28	29	30	31			
AUGUST					1	2	3
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
SEPTEMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
	29	30					
OCTOBER			1	2	3	4	5
	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
	27	28	29	30	31		
NOVEMBER						1	2
	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
DECEMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
	29	30	31				



GRAY-HEADED PEOPLE have their locks restored by it to the dark, lustrous, silken tresses of youth and are happy.

People whose heads are covered with Dandruff and Humors, use it, and have clean coats and clear and healthy scalps!

BALD-HEADED VETERANS have their remaining locks tightened, and the bare spots covered with a luxuriant growth of Hair, and dance for joy!

FOR SALE BY DRUGGISTS GENERALLY.
Price $1.00 per Bottle.
E. M. TURBS & CO., PROPRIETORS,
PETERBOROUGH, N. H.
B. F. Bradbury and J. F. Patten, Bangor, wholesale and retail agents. feb 5 3taw6m*

British Periodicals.

THE LONDON QUARTERLY REVIEW, (Conservative.)
THE EDINBURGH REVIEW, (Whig.)
THE WESTMINSTER REVIEW (Radical.)
THE NORTH BRITISH REVIEW, (Free Church.)
BLACKWOOD'S EDINBURGH MAGAZINE, (Tory)

THESE Foreign Periodicals are regularly republished by us in the same style as heretofore.— Those who know and have long subscribed to them, need no reminder; those whom the civil war of the last few years has deprived of their once welcome supply of the best periodical literature, will be glad to have them again within their reach; and those who may never yet have met with them, will assuredly be well pleased to receive accredited reports of the progress of European science and literature.

Terms for 1867.

For any one of the Reviews,	$4.00	pr. an.
For any two of the Reviews,	7.00	"
For any three of the Reviews,	10.00	"
For all four of the Reviews,	12.00	"
For Blackwood's Magazine,	4.00	"
For Blackwood and one Review,	7.00	"
For Blackwood and two of the Reviews,	10.00	"
For Blackwood and three of the Reviews,	13.00	"
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	15.00	"

POSTAGE.

When sent by mail, the postage to any part of the United States will be but twenty-four cents a year for "Blackwood," and but eight cents a year for each of the Reviews.

Subscribers may obtain back numbers at the following reduced rates, viz:

The North British from January, 1863, to December, 1866, inclusive; the Edinburgh and the Westminster from April, 1864, to December, 1866, inclusive, and the London Quarterly for the years 1865 and 1866 at the rate of $1.50 a year for each or any Review; also Blackwood for 1866, for $2.50.

The Leonard Scott Publishing Co.,
38 Walker Street, N. Y.

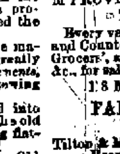
The L. S. Pub. Co. also publish
THE FARMER'S GUIDE,
by HENRY STEPHENS, of Edinburg, and the late J. P. NORTON, of Yale College. Two vols., Royal Octavo, 1600 pages and numerous Engravings.
Price $7 for the two volumes—by mail, post paid, $8. feb 1

BLANKS
For Every Kind of Business,
PRINTED TO ORDER AT
NO. 1, BOWMAN'S BLOCK,
KENDUSKEAG BRIDGE.

New Novels

BROUGHT TO LIGHT; Bound to the Wheel; and Cradock Nowell; received by
Jan 22 CHAS. HIGHT.

FAIRBANKS'
Premium Standard



SCALES,

MADE of the best materials in the most thorough manner, and receiving CONSTANT IMPROVEMENTS under the supervision of THE ORIGINAL INVENTOR.

Every variety, as Hay, Coal, Railroad, Platform and Counter, Druggists', Confectioners', Butchers', Grocers', and Gold Scales, Beams, Spring Balances, &c., for sale at our WAREHOUSE,
118 MILK STREET, BOSTON, MASS.
FAIRBANKS, BROWN & CO.,
Agents for sale of
Tilton & McFarland's Safes, White's Patent Money Drawers, and Cresson's Gas Regulators.
For sale in Bangor by R. S. MORRISON & CO.
October 23—3m

THAT NEW AND ELEGANT
PERFUME,
BOUQUET OF EDEN,
FOR SALE BY
J. F. Patten & Co.,
NO. 1 GRANITE BLOCK, Bangor.
dec5

HAYWARD'S RUBBERS.
WE OFFER TO THE TRADE
A full assortment of the above celebrated
RUBBER BOOTS & SHOES,
At Agency prices. Also
[illegible] AND MOCCASINS,
[illegible]

ANNUAL STATEMENT
OF THE
Financial Concerns of the County of Penobscot,
From Jany. 1, 1866, to Jany. 1, 1867.

COUNTY OF PENOBSCOT,
In account with AMBROSE C. FLINT, Tres'r.

	CR.
By balance as per last settlement,	$1,405 25
By am't of uncollected taxes for ordinary purposes as per last settlement,	5,590 70
By am't of uncollected taxes for repair of roads as per last settlement,	721 17
By E. C. Brett, Clerk, for Surplus Fees,	97 22
By E. C. Brett, Clerk, for Jury Fees,	70 00
By E. C. Brett, Clerk, fines and costs collected by him,	1,453 4
By B. F. Humphrey, Judge of Police Court, for fines collected by him,	783 76
By Trial Justices for fines collected by them,	50 50
By Officers, for fines and costs collected by them,	300 00
By individuals for fines and costs,	200 06
By G. W. Whitney, Jailer, fines & costs collected by him,	159 01
By Samuel Jewett, Master of House of Correction, for collections made by him,	237 42
By E. C. Brett, Clk, for license to peddlers,	50 00
By C. M. Moore, Pound Keeper, amn't deposited by him on sale of horse,	15 75
By Attorneys for admission fees,	80 00
By miscellaneous receipts,	91 85
By am't received for rent of premises on Hammond street, 2 months,	299 98
By temporary loans,	19,550 00
By amount of fees forfeited on Abstract No. "58,"	94 67
By am't of fees forfeited on Abstract, "A,"	60 98
By amount of fees forfeited on Abstract Constables for serving Venires,	19 00
By am't of fees due individuals on Abstract No. "34,"	442 30
By am't of fees due individuals on Abstract "B,"	352 58
By am't of fees due Constables for serving Venires,	91 50
By amount of taxes assessed for year 1866, for ordinary purposes,	23,000 00
By amount of taxes assessed for year 1866, for repair of roads,	1,811 61
	$56,827 75

COUNTY OF PENOBSCOT.
In account with AMBROSE C. FLINT, Tres'r.

	DR.
To paid Bills allowed by Co. Commissioners as follows:	
For damage on location of roads	$835 52
For Blank Books, Stationery, Printing, &c.,	1,311 97
For serving road notices,	19 94
For board of prisoners in Jail,	3,562 26
For board of prisoners in House of Correction	673 92
For Reg't of Deeds for copying indexes,	21 60
For Clerk of Courts for services and money paid out,	690 93
For repairs and improvements in and about County buildings,	670 33
For fuel and lights,	540 60
For care of County buildings, fires, &c.,	375 00
For miscellaneous purposes,	309 92
To paid Grand and Travers Jurors,	3,997 70
To paid Sup. Jud. Court orders to Sheriff and assistants,	1,381 48
To paid Sup. Jud. Court orders to Clerk,	10 00
To paid Sup. Jud. Court orders for examining Records,	744 00
To paid County Commissioners,	956 90
To paid Judge of Probate, salary from Oct. 1, 1865, to Oct. 1, 1866,	620 00
To paid Register of Probate, salary from Oct. 1, 1865, to Oct. 1, 1866,	800 00
To paid Recorder of Police Court, salary from Nov. 10, 1865, to Nov. 10, 1866,	400 00
To am't of fees due individuals on Abstract No. "33," as per last settl'mnt,	357 37
To am't of fees due individuals on Abstract "A," as per last settlement,	390 31
To am't of fees due Constables for serving Venires, as per last settlement,	75 60
To am't of S. J. Court orders to Constables for serving Venires,	234 30
To amount of Bills of Cost in criminal prosecutions, allowed by S. J. Court,	3,016 38
To also amt of Bills of Cost in criminal prosecutions, allowed by Co. Commissioners,	1,070 22
To paid A. W. Paine, Treasurer of Law Library,	80 00
To paid Miles Wilson his claim for building "Meadow Brook" road in Howland, in accordance with an act of Legislature, approved Feby. 12, 1866,	2,301 23
To paid Messrs. Wheelwright & Morison for premises adjoining County lot, per order of County Commissioners, April Term 1866,	6,750 00
To paid W. K. Foster amt. deposited by Pound Keeper, June 11, 1864, on sale of horse,	60 65
To paid temporary loans,	11,550 00
To paid interest on loans,	447 15
To amt of Road Assessment for 1866, on No. 3, Township No. 3, R. 6, abated by Co. Commissioners Aug T., 1866,	570 80
To amt of uncollected taxes for ordinary purposes,	9,072 77
To amt of uncollected taxes for repair of roads,	1,907 58
To allowance to Treasurer,	1,000 00
To balance as cash,	109 82
	$56,827 75

Statement of the Liabilities and Assets of the County, Dec. 31, 1866.

LIABILITIES.

Due on Salaries and Bills audited,	$1,107 18
Due on Abstracts,	886 38
Due on Criminal Bills allowed by Co. Commissioners Dec. Term, 1866,	547 03
Due on temporary loans,	8,000 00
Due on accrued interest on same,	209 00
Due Law Library Association,	120 00
	$10,929 59

ASSETS.

Uncollected taxes for ordinary purposes,	$9,072 77
Maine Central R. R. Mortgage Bond,	500 00
Cash on hand,	109 82
Lot on Court Street,	5,500 00
	$15,182 09

REMARKS.

The expenses incident to criminal prosecutions the past year have been as follows:

Bills of Cost allowed by S. J. Court,	$3,016 38
Bills of Cost allowed by County Commissioners,	1,070 22
Board of prisoners in Jail,	3,562 26
Board of prisoners in House of Correction,	1,0[illegible]2 72
Grand and Traverse Jurors for Criminal Terms,	1,921 48
Attendance, &c, on Court same term,	502 84
Serving Venires for Jurors same term,	107 40
	$11,233 30
Corresponding Expenses in 1865,	7,635 11
Increase the past year,	$3,598 19
The receipts into the Treasury the past year, for fines & costs and for board of prisoners, were	$3,134 19
Corresponding receipts in 1865,	2,519 43
Increase the past year,	$614 76

AMBROSE C. FLINT, Treasurer,
Treasurer's Office Penobscot County, Bangor, Jany. 1, 1867. } jan 17 1td&w2t

Important to Lumbermen

Owners of Hemlock Lands.

THE AMERICAN PATENTED IMPROVEMENT TANNING COMPANY of New York own the exclusive right in the United States for the manufacture of an imperishable "EXTRACT" from Hemlock Bark for tanning purposes. The Bark Extract is now extensively used among Tanners, and the demand for it is rapidly increasing. It commands a ready sale in the Boston, New York and Philadelphia markets, at sixty cents per gallon. The appliances for manufacturing are simple and not expensive, costing but little more than the ordinary leaches used by Tanners. By this process 1½ cords of bark may be reduced so as to concentrate the entire strength into forty gallons of Extract, without in the slightest degree injuring its tanning qualities, and at a cost not exceeding one dollar per cord. The saving in freight alone, between the transportation of the Extract and the Bark, will range from six to eight dollars per cord, so that any one who may get out but three hundred cords of Bark per year, may save from two thousand to twenty-five hundred dollars in the difference in freight.

The Company does not propose to sell Territorial rights, but will grant exclusive privilege to manufacture in certain localities, charging a small royalty per gallon on the amount manufactured.

The Company will send competent men to superintend the construction of works, where parties desire to enter into the business, and to instruct in the manufacture of the Extract.

As a guarantee of success to parties entering into this business, the Company will contract to take all the Extract manufactured under their process at fifty cents per gallon, delivered in Boston or New York.

Parties in Maine desiring further information as to terms, &c., may call upon or address CHARLES HALE, General Agent for Maine, 3½ Main street, Bangor, where models of the apparatus may be seen.
nov27 3md* S. H. KENNEDY, Pres't.

AUCTION BILLS,
PRINTED AT SHORT NOTICE,
AT THE
KENDUSKEAG BRIDGE JOB OFFICE,
BOWMAN'S BLOCK.

POSTERS,
SHOP BILLS,
HAND BILLS,
CIRCULARS, &c., &c.
Printed at the
Whig and Courier Office,
[illegible]

Whig & Courier.

Daily Established 1834. - - - Weekly 1815.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

For one square (amount of 15 lines this type,) one insertion,	$1 00
For one square, three times in the Daily,	50
For one square, one week,	2 00
each week's continuance,	75
For half-square, one time,	75
For half-square, three times,	1 00
For half-square, one week,	1 25
each week's continuance,	40
For one square, in Weekly, three times,	1 50
each week's continuance,	25

SPECIAL NOTICES.

$2,50 per square for first week—$1.00 per square for continuance.

DOUBLE COLUMN ADVERTISEMENTS, inserted at the rate of "Special Notices."

☞ Advertisements continued three times a week at two-thirds price; two times a week, one half price; one time a week one-third price.

☞ Advertisements, where the time of insertion is not specially designated, will be continued until otherwise ordered.

☞ All Transient Advertising must be paid for in advance.

Reported for the Daily Whig.

Maine Legislature.

AUGUSTA, Feb. 9, 1867.

SENATE.

Passed to be engrossed—An act to authorize the Portland, Saco & Portsmouth Railroad Company to aid in the construction of the European & North American Railway; act to extend and maintain a wharf in Rockport Harbor in the town of Camden; an act to incorporate the Matinicus Wharf and Dock Company; an act to authorize the Kennebec & Wiscasset Railroad Company to unite with the Knox and Lincoln Railroad Company; an act to incorporate the Maine Homeopathic Medical Society; an act to make valid the doings of the town of Fort Fairfield.

Mr. Woodman presented bill an act additional respecting Banks in the hands of receivers. Referred to the Committee on Banks and Banking.

Mr. Perkins, from the Committee on Banks and Banking, on the petition of Amos M. Roberts et als. for a repeal of the Bank Tax Act, reported that petitioners have leave to withdraw.

Mr. Houghton, from the Committee on Fisheries, on the petition of Hiram Wyer et als. for a repeal of the porgy law, reported leave to withdraw.

Mr Woodbury, from the Aroostook county delegation, on the petition of Henry R. Downs, reported bill an act to increase the salary of the Judge of Probate for the county of Aroostook. Read and assigned.

Mr Weld, from the Committee on the Judiciary, on bill an act to amend section 27 of chapter 59 of the Revised Statutes, relating to the adoption of children, reported that the same ought to pass. Ordered to be printed under the rule.

Mr. Woodman, from the Committee on Railroads, Ways and Bridges, on bill an act authorizing any city or town in this State to raise money to aid in the construction of any railroad in this State, reported that the same ought to pass. Printed under rule.

Mr Caldwell, from the Committee on the Judiciary, on an order relating to the employment of an agent of the State at Washington for the prosecution of our claims against the general government, reported resolve in relation to the claims of the State of Maine against the United States for expenses incurred in the late rebellion.

On motion of Mr. Ludwig, the contract with Messrs Stevens & Sayward to do the State Printing for the current year, was taken from the table. Read and approved.

Passed to be enacted—An act to authorize the First Congregational Society in Orono to move, alter and repair its meeting house; additional to incorporate the Augusta Free Bridge Company; to fix the salary of the Adjutant General of Maine; to make valid the doings of the town of Kenduskeag in voting to exempt certain property from taxation for the term of three years; permitting assessors of plantations organized for election purposes to establish a basis on which school money may be raised in such plantations.

HOUSE.

Read and assigned—An act to incorporate the Maine Shipbuilders and Shipowners Association; to incorporate the town of Glenwood; in aid of building mills in Chapman plantation in the county of Aroostook; authorizing the County Commissioners of Waldo county to lay out a road over tide waters in Belfast; defining the ownership of "down timber."

Mr Hale of Ellsworth, from the Committee on the Judiciary, reported bill an act providing for the taxation of the property and stock of national banks and banking associations in the State of Maine. Ordered to be printed. Also reported reference to the Legislature of petition of authorities of Glenburn, for school district organization.

Mr Rogers of Patten from the Committee on State Lands and State Roads, reported a resolve authorizing an adjustment of the claims of Jane Weeks for improvements made on a certain lot of land in Exeton.

Mr. Bickford of Warren, from the Select Committee on the purchase of Knox Mansion, reported a resolve for the purchase.

Mr Spear of Rockland, from the Committee on Railroads, reported an act to authorize the town of Houlton to aid the construction of the Houlton Branch Railroad.

Mr Philbrick of Skowhegan, from the Committee on Railroads, reported an act additional to chapter 18 of the Revised Statutes relating to Ways. Ordered to be printed. Also reported reference to the Committee on State Lands and State Roads of order relating to laying out roads in unincorporated places.

Mr Hartwell of Oldtown, from the committee on Indian affairs, reported an act to protect the rights of the Indians of the Penobscot tribe in certain islands.

Mr. Tobey of Athens, from the Committee on State Lands and State Roads, reported resolve in addition to a resolve in aid of building a bridge in Fort Fairfield.

Passed to be engrossed—Resolve authorizing the Land Agent to convey a lot of land to Tryphena French in trust; an act to annex Sarsfield plantation to the town of Fort Fairfield.

Bill relating to the taxation of legal costs was read the third time and laid on the table on motion of Mr Brown of Hampden.

Resolve relative to the assassination of John King Robinson at Salt Lake city, was read the second time and on motion of Mr. Hale of Ellsworth was laid on the table and ordered to be printed.

Bill repealing the act of 1866 relative to killing fur bearing animals between the months of May and October, was read the third time and indefinitely postponed on motion of Mr Teague of Lyndon.

Passed to be enacted—An act to incorporate the Portland & Ogdensburg Railroad Company.

The Speaker announced the following Joint Select Committee on the part of the House:

On Capital Punishment—Messrs Woodman of Bucksport, Clements of Palmyra, Farnham of Greene, Leighton of Millbridge, Brown of West Bath, Peasles of Alna, Weed of Littleton, Farmer of Rangeley, Lapham of Woodstock, Perry of Camden, Dame of Elliot, Titcomb of Augusta, Pennell of Harpswell, Stetson of Bangor, Monroe of Belfast and Parsons of Sangerville.

Adjourned.

Presented and Referred.

By Mr Oak of Garland. Petitions of J. P Perley and 19 others and of Amos Ward and others in aid of the petition of J R Foster and others.

By Mr Wyman of Chester. Petition of the Selectmen of Winn for legalization of their doings.

It is said that Charles Sumner is to retire from political life at the close of his present Senatorial term and spend several years in Europe; that ex-Governor Andrew will be a candidate for his place, and also Governor Bullock.

[illegible]

The Nebraska Admission Bill Passed.

Mr. Wade called up the Nebraska bill, which was passed over the President's veto by the following vote:

Yeas—Messrs. Anthony, Brown, Chandler, Cragin, Cresswell, Fogg, Frelinghuysen, Grimes, Harris, Henderson, Howard, Howe, Kirkwood, Lane, Morrill, Poland, Pomeroy, Ramsey, Ross, Sherman, Sprague, Stewart, Sumner, Trumbull, Van Winkle, Wade, Willey, Williams, Wilson and Yates—31.

Nays—Messrs. Buckalew, Davis, Doolittle, Foster, Hendricks, Morgan, Norton, Patterson and Saulsbury—9.

Mr. Wade would have liked to have had the Colorado bill passed over the veto also, but the Senators objected to the consideration of it and he did not insist.

Appointments Rejected.

The Senate had an Executive Session in which scores of Western Revenue Assessors and Collectors were rejected.

An adverse report was made on the nomination of J. H. Butler as Collector of Internal Revenue at Bangor, and it was laid over.

The nomination of Russell Jarvis as U. S. Marshal for New Hampshire was rejected.—[Special to Boston Journal.

[By Cable to Associated Press.]

London, Feb. 8th. The trial of ex-Gov. Eyre of Jamaica has commenced.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 8th. The Japanese Embassy has arrived in this country.

London, Feb. 8. The Greek Government, in a note to foreign powers, declares that the crisis of war is near at hand and though their decree is for peace they deem it proper to propose an increase of the army and navy.

London, Feb. 8. The latest intelligence from Servia represents affairs as threatening, and that the families of the Turks are fleeing from the country.

London, Feb. 8th. Earl Carnarvon will next week introduce in Parliament a bill for the union of the Canadian Provinces.

London, Feb. 8. Dispatches from China state that arrangements have been made for the establishment of a European College at Pekin, with the consent of the Chinese government.

Liverpool, Feb. 8th. Breadstuffs—wheat and flour steady. Corn sold at 40s.

Beef—extra prime mess advancing. Pork and bacon firm.

[By Cable to Associated Press.]

Paris, Feb 8—Evening. Prince Napoleon will be a Director of the Paris Exposition.

The Emperor Napoleon, in his address on the assembling of the Corps Legislatif, will announce the final dispositions and close of the Eastern and Mexican questions.

London, Feb. 8—Noon. The holders of Confederate bonds in this country have united in a petition to the British Government to back their claims.

London, 8th—Evening. The following are the closing rates for American securities:

United States Five-twenties, 72 11-16; Illinois Central shares, 80¾; Erie Railway shares 40½.

NATIONAL HONOR. The steamship R. R. Cuyler was seized in this port on Saturday afternoon, by the U. S. authorities, on suspicion that she was about to sail as a privateer in the service of Peru and Chili, to prey on Spanish commerce on the high seas. The warlike supplies and arrangements found on board fully justified the arrest. Our government being at peace with that of Spain this action was in strict accordance with international law. The promptness of our government in this case, as well as in that of the Meteor, sometime since, is in striking contrast with the behavior of foreign nations during our late war. On one occasion a rebel privateer was allowed to enter and coal in a Spanish port while the same privilege was refused to a United States vessel of war, a few days afterwards. The same unfriendly disposition was manifested by other nations. Yet our authorities immediately arrest a vessel designed to injure the commerce of Spain, and intended to aid the Republics of Peru and Chili, for whom our government and people entertain both friendship and sympathy. This impartiality in the discharge of our national duties; regardless of past insults and existing sympathies, is worthy the imitation of foreign powers, who, by a similar course during our rebellion, might have rendered us valuable assistance. It is creditable to our government that it is able magnanimously to fulfil its obligations to other powers, uninfluenced by selfish interests or motives, and guided always by that high sense of national honor for which it has always been distinguished. —N. Y. Sun.

The action of the House this evening probably settles that no reconstruction measure can be agreed upon by this congress.— The bill reported by the joint committee on fifteen is as dead as though it had been rejected outright. The vote by tellers on seconding the demand for the previous question at the close of a long and interesting debate was—yeas 61, nays 98. No record exists of the vote, but the democratic strength in the House to-day was not over 38 or 40. It appears, therefore, that the republicans themselves were almost equally divided in reference to the measure. The committee having been defeated, the bill passed into the control of General Banks. He will allow debate to-morrow, and does not desire a vote before Tuesday or Wednesday. Numerous amendments and substitutes were offered just before the adjournment, and it seems probable that a bill of some sort will pass the House by the middle of next week. But as every bill likely to be vetoed must go to the President within ten more legislative days, it is all but certain that no reconstruction bill can be got through both Houses in time to become a law.—[Special to Boston Adv.

SHOCKING BARBARITY. A brutal affair took place in Pittsburg a few days ago.— Some hogsheads of sugar were placed outside of a grocery store, and attracted the attention of some children on their way home from school. The children put their fingers through the crevices and holes of the barrels and indulged in sweets for a few minutes. Suddenly a man named Fatchel rushed out from the store with a vessel of boiling water and dashed it upon the children, who were dreadfully scalded. One little boy presented a shocking appearance, the entire side of his head, face and neck being literally cooked. The doctor stated that it is probable that all the hair from one side of the head will come out, and will never grow again. It is also feared that one of the eyes will be lost. The brutal perpetrator was arrested and held for a hearing. He desired to make an information against the child for the larceny of sugar, but was not permitted.

SANFORD CONOVER IN A NEW CHARACTER. The Boston Advertiser's Washington dispatch says:

The trial of Sanford Conover, for perjury before the House judiciary committee last spring, is still continued before Judge Fisher. A mass of evidence taken before that committee has been brought into court.— Conover now asserts that he is, and always has been, a friend to Jefferson Davis, and believing that a plot was formed to obtain false evidence implicating Davis in the assassination of Mr. Lincoln, he took charge of the business for the express purpose of having the matter fully exposed at the proper time. He has able counsel who, it is believed, are paid by rebel sympathizers.

[A correspondent telegraphed us from Littleton, N. H., last night as follows:]

Samuel Mills, the Franconia murderer, lately arrested in Geneva, Ill., was expected to reach Haverhill, on this town in custody this afternoon, but up to Friday evening has not arrived. The public manifest an intense interest in the criminal's appearance, and crowds of people awaited his coming to-day at many of the railroad stations below here. Had he been brought here soon after the murder, he would undoubtedly have been lynched, but we think the law will now be allowed to have its course."—[Boston Journal.

AGRICULTURE IN CALIFORNIA. There are now about 4,000,000 acres of land inclosed in California and about 1,750,000 acres under cultivation. These are far larger areas of occupied and improved land than were ever before reported. Three years ago the amount of land under cultivation was only 1,197,984 acres. Most of the increase since was made last year. A considerable portion of it was in the larger mining counties, which are beginning to claim importance as fruit and wine growing districts. The area planted to wheat was about 500,000 acres, a gain of 200,000 acres in three years. The yield was 12,000,000 bushels, or 7,000,000 more than in 1863. The barley crop also shows a great increase. In 1863 it was about 4,000,000 bushels in twenty-four counties, including all but three or four of the strictly agricultural counties. This year it is returned at over 14,000,000 bushels in forty counties.

ITALY. A Paris letter in the Independence Belge states that a strong belief exists in Venice that a general war, in which Italy will have a great part to play, may be expected to break out at the end of the summer of the present year. In support of this view, letters from Italy are cited which state that extraordinary activity is observable in all branches of the maritime service; that the fleets are constantly being exercised; that the forts are being strongly fortified; that the Administration is being rearranged: and that the personnel of the navy is being carefully weeded.

INTOXICATING LIQUORS NOT ALLOWABLE. The Supreme Court of Massachusetts, in the case of Charles F. Ingalls of Maine v. Wm. P. Baker—an action to recover the value of seventy-three barrels alleged to have been the property of plaintiff—has decided that "the spirituous and intoxicating liquors attached by the defendant could not be sold by him on execution, and are therefore not liable to attachment."

THE PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE. Washington correspondents state that Mr. Foster will resign his position as President of the Senate in season to give an opportunity to elect his successor. Messrs. Wade and Fessenden are named for the position.

SELLING OFF.

HAVING decided to effect a change in business we would invite our friends and customers to
Great Bargains
—IN—
Velvets, Silks, Satins,
FEATHERS, FLOWERS,
RIBBONS, BONNETS,
AND ALL KINDS OF
Laces and Fancy Goods.
We shall sell without regard to cost, and continue this sale until the whole
Stock, Good Will and Fixtures,
Will be sold to any one, wishing to enter into a well established business with a good run of custom, situated in one of the best locations in Bangor, at NO. 46 MAIN STREET.
M. E. GIBBS & CO.
☞ For further particulars in regard to buying the whole stock, inquire at the above store, or at No. 56 MAIN STREET, of
dec 17 F. MEINECKE.

Kid Gloves

A FULL LINE OF KID GLOVES, both in Black and Colors, just received.
Every Pair Warranted.
SELLING FOR
$1,12 1-2.
jan 19 RINES & NICHOLS.

IVES'
PATENT LAMPS!
Gas Superseded! Kerosene Popularized!
BY THE USE OF
Ives' Patent Hanging Reflector Lamps,
Brackets, Table Lamps, and Attachments,
WHICH can be filled, trimmed, and lighted (as quickly as gas), without removing the Shade or Globe, Chimney or Burner.
For sale at manufacturers' prices, by
RICKER & IRELAND,
No. 1 Main Street.
Those in want of LIGHT, are invited to examine these Lamps before purchasing. oct 3—dtf

OYSTERS!

Old Virginia Oysters,
AT WHOLESALE and RETAIL.

WE have made arrangements to receive daily these LUSCIOUS BIVALVES, which we will deliver in any part of the city, at prices that defy competition. Please leave your orders at the
Exchange Meat Market.
dec 12 tf POMFRET & TURNER.

THROUGH TICKETS!
TO ALL PARTS OF THE
WEST!
$6 LESS
Than by any other Route, from Maine to all Points West, via the
GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY!
Or $3 Less via Boston & Vermont Central,
Tickets at Lowest Rates
Via Boston, New York Central, Buffalo and Detroit,
For information apply at Grand Trunk Agents, or at 22 West Market Square.
WM. FLOWERS,
Dec. 21, 1866 Eastern Agent.

Just Received!

NEW DRESS TRIMMINGS, at J. P. BASS'S.
CLOAKS tremendous low at BASS'S.
Alexandre Kids, Corsets, Hosiery and Gloves, at BASS'S.
Dress Goods MARKED DOWN at BASS'S.
BASS is Agent for BARRETT'S DYE HOUSE.
jan12

Cement.

New Fresh Newark Cement,
LANDING from Schr. Olive Avery, for sale by
JOHN S. KIMBALL & SON,
may 9 80 and 82 Exchange St.

LIME.

HALL'S LIME received fresh every week. For sale wholesale and retail, by
JOHN S. KIMBALL & SON

VOL. 51 MAINE REPORTS, received by
D. BUGBEE & CO.

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THE BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

Whig & Courier.

WHEELER & LYNDE, PROPRIETORS

WM H WHEELER, EDITOR.

Business letters should be addressed to the Publishers, "WHEELER & LYNDE."

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1867.

The Repeal of the Intermarriage Law.

We were somewhat surprised the other day at the vote in the house against the bill to repeal the old law making marriages between white and colored people illegal—This is a relic of ancient prejudice which was long ago swept away in Massachusetts and other States, and one which is entirely inoperative to prevent connections between persons of different races who desire any such connection The law only operates as a terrible injustice to the children of those of different races who do marry in defiance of the restriction—making them illegitimate in a legal sense and depriving them, innocent as they are, of the natural right to inherit property The bill to repeal this unjust law passed the Senate, with the full support of members of that board who are as little liable to the imputation of "fanaticism" as any men in the State It was there regarded as a simple measure of justice, and also one of consistency on the part of the Republican party, which professes to be actuated by the principle of equal and exact justice to all — The leading and thoughtful men of the party supported the measure firmly and heartily in both branches and it would have passed by a majority in both, but for the groundless and unworthy idea, which had obtained in some members minds, that such a measure might possibly lose us a few towns politically in sections where the miserable prejudice against the "nigger," has not yet been quite eradicated among otherwise sensible people The fact is, however, the progress of ideas in the world—in our country especially—is onward towards truth, justice, equality of rights, and freedom for all to rise to any level which God made them capable of reaching—and no removal of barriers to this progress will injure any political party If it should do so, temporarily, the injury would only be sustained in the cause of consistency and right The idea that law is necessary in order to prevent white women from rushing into the arms of black men in marriage is an insult to every lady in the land—and yet this seemed to be one of the great arguments in the House, on the part of those who thought there would be a social revolution, and a broad spread taint in the blood of our children if the law should be repealed Such members appeared to think this statute the only barrier to a general (or at least a large) intermingling of the races here in Maine! Do they think a paper statute would prevent the gratification of such a desire, if it existed? What a position do such persons put themselves in? That of believing that the white men and women of Maine are only to be restrained by statute from rushing into connections which they regard as unnatural and monstrous! The idea we say is insulting to the people The persons who can or do have any wish for such connections are very few indeed, but they are not likely to be prevented by law from indulging their desires—and when any such are entertained, we hold it is better to legalize and sanctify them by marriage, than to have the parties do worse We are glad to see that our Senators and Representatives voted to abolish the unjust and useless statute The vote to indefinitely postpone the bill was 68 to 57—the democrats all voting against it—and a reconsideration was defeated by a much larger vote

Mr Hale of Ellsworth, made one of the principal speeches in favor of the repeal—We extract a few of his remarks

"I do not know who drew the law proposed to be repealed, but I would wager all I am worth that the man was one of those who counselled against opening the door to poor fugitives from bondage, who thought slavery a divine institution, who talked about the curse upon Ham, who believed that northern operatives were treated worse than southern slaves, who regarded the stories of cruelty to bondmen greatly exaggerated, who thought the North would do well to mind their own concerns, and who scouted the idea that the system of slavery could ever be a formidable political power If there were any level to be apprehended, I would not advocate a repeal But there is none, and why should we hold to it? Let us wipe off the law from our statute book and leave the matter to be regulated as such matters should be by the persons affected

A gentleman not a member of the House but connected with one of the departments of the State government, has shown me a dispatch from some one to the effect that he is opposed to the repeal, and that the passage may cause the loss of the town or of a county to our party, and this is urged as a consideration why we should defeat this bill—Sir, I do not believe that any such effect will follow If we pass this bill the people will sustain us It is generally found that the people are nearer right than we. They are usually in advance So far from being led by their representatives, they are themselves in the van, and legislative bodies follow in their wake The people of Maine understand this question, and if it were put to them they would say sweep it away I do not believe a vote would be lost by it They are too firmly attached to principle to be drawn aside by any such act as this We may safely do right and trust to them

I am the more in favor of this bill because of the amendment which has been attached to it in the Senate, on the motion of one of the senators from Penobscot county (Mr Crosby,) relating to the issue of such marriages as we propose to legalize It is provided that when children shall be the issue of such marriage they shall not remain under the ban of illegitimacy At present all such innocent children are outcasts, and have no right under the law If their parents have property, it is distributed at their death [illegible] I feel the more strongly on this question because the case mentioned in the debate in the Senate by Mr Crosby, where Senator Morrill married a colored man to a white lady, came under my own personal observation That man was brought up in my father's family He was among the foremost in all matters of morality and religion,—a marked man in the town, and was often pointed out as an instance of how a man might rise in station under adverse circumstances A young lady (and perhaps some of the members may think this horrible, but I did not then and do not now,) a young lady fell in love with this man They desired to be married, they were obliged to cast their fortunes together [illegible]

[illegible]

ment? This is the practical way to put it. Massachusetts many years ago repealed a similar law and though her negroes are ten times as numerous as in Maine, no complaint is made, and none will be made here Why should we cherish a law on account of a notion? Let us do exactly right and we may be sure no evil consequences will follow

I know we do not get rid of our feelings and repugnances all at once, but I think we hardly realize how strong our old but baseless prejudice may be I thought that the great struggle through which we have passed had rooted out and burned up our ancient prejudice against the black man and that nothing remained of it but dead ashes But suddenly it springs up anew and is found in all its strength and vigor I am reminded of an old eastern fable which seems to me to apply to this case The story runs that a princess reared in wealth and surrounded by luxury, suddenly found herself possessed with the appetite of the ghoul With all the strength of her mind she resisted the passion, but was unable to overcome the strong desire to feed upon the bodies of the dead and night after night she went forth to the charnel house and glutted herself with corruption Let us not be bound by any of our ancient prejudices or desires so as to be prevented from fully doing our duty to all classes, nor fettered in our efforts to attain a higher civilization by any causeless dread of consequences, which arises from those old and obsolete prejudices"

Our Portland Correspondence

The Maine Christian Convention

PORTLAND Feb 8, 1867

SECOND DAY

2 P M The Convention met, Dr Stockbridge, Vice President, of Portland, in the chair

Sung—"Appointed by Thee, we meet in Thy name

Prayer—Rev Professor Packard of Brunswick

A communication was read from C F Allen, Pastor of Chestnut Street Church regretting his necessary absence, and expressing deep interest in the meeting

The suppression of Intemperance was the first theme for the afternoon Remarks were made by Prof Packard, of Bowdoin College, Rev Dr Shailer, of Portland, Rev H B Ridgway of New York, Capt Cyrus Sturtevant, and Byron Greenough, Esq, of Portland

Sung—"O watch, and fight and pray"

Home Evangelization was the second topic Remarks were made by Rev C O Libbey, of Wells, and Rev William Warren, of Gorham

The Business committee reported the exercises for the evening

The committee on the future action of this Convention, reported—

1 That the pastors and delegates, as soon as possible after their return home, at a union meeting of the various churches, where it is practicable, give a full report of the doings, and the spirit manifested by this Convention

2 That county conventions similar to this, be held as soon as practicable

3 That a committee of one be appointed from each county, to call such county conventions, at such time and place as may be deemed expedient

4 That the delegations from each county, nominate such committee, and report to the Convention

5 That the following be a State Central Committee, composed of a pastor and one layman from each denomination represented in the body, who shall have charge of all matters touching the designs of this Convention, not otherwise provided for —

Rev J C Stockbridge D D, and Dea J A Coffin, (Baptist)

Rev W H Fenn, and Dea Thomas R Hayes, (Congregational)

Pastor of the Congress Street Church and Dea Wm Deering (Methodist)

Pastor of the Free Baptist Church and J A Fenderson

The committee of one from each county, to call county conventions, are as follows

Androscoggin, Rev C C Cone, Auburn, Aroostook Rev L G Carpenter Houlton, Cumberland, Rev Dr Shailer, Portland, Franklin, Rev Geo Wingate, Farmington, Hancock, Geo Blodgett, Bucksport, Kennebec, Rev John Dinsmore, Winslow, Knox Rev J K Mason, Thomaston, Lincoln Rev Geo E Street, Wiscasset, Oxford, Hon J J Perry, Oxford, Penobscot, Rev A K P Small, Bangor Piscataquis C H B Woodbury, Dover Sagadahoc Rev C Packard, Woolwich, Somerset Rev C Munger, Skowhegan, Waldo, Rev J E Adams Searsport, Washington Rev E F Harding, Machias, York, Rev S Hayward, South Berwick

The Convention adjourned after the benediction by the President

EVENING—7 O'CLOCK

Organ Voluntary, by Mr A M Smith, of Portland

United in singing Hymn 285—"The Gospel O, what endless charms"

Prayer by Rev C Morse, of South Berwick

Sung—"God of Love, who hearest prayer"

Topic No 11 was introduced—How can the young men of our churches best advance the cause of Christ? Remarks by Rev S P Fay of Bangor, Rev H B Ridgway, of N Y, and Rev S Baker, of Orono

United in singing Hymn 175—"All hail the power of Jesus' name"

Rev C Munger, of Skowhegan, Chairman of the committee on the future action of this Convention, made additional statements in reference to the subject, and the report, which was again read, was adopted

Sung Hymn 868—"As pants the heart for cooling streams"

The meeting was then open for free discussion on any subject or suggestion relevant to the occasion

Rev Mr Holman, of South Berwick, Rev Mr Paine, of Mercer, Rev C Munger, of Skowhegan, Rev, Mr Wood, Sec Am T act Society, Boston, Rev C C Cone, of Auburn, and Rev E P Thwing, of Quincy, Mass, addressed earnest words to the vast audience, touching upon Home Evangelization, Young Men's Christian Associations, Public worship the Sabbath, Personal work to promote religion, Family religion and worship, Christian fellowship, and kindred topics

Rev S P Fay, of Bangor, in fitting words touched upon the occasion which had called us together from nearly all parts of the State, and to the topics which had come before us It would have appeared a marvel to our fathers, and if our purposes and hopes are carried out, they would think that the millenium was drawing near

As the audience was one of the Christian [illegible] dation, he would propose that a vote of thanks be given to the Railroad corporations for free return tickets, to the families of Portland who had entertained the [illegible]

The benediction was pronounced by the President, and the Convention closed

The number of pastors and delegates from out of the city has been about five hundred The audience have been large and interested, —Sometimes deeply moved Not a word has been said that would wound the feelings of any All seemed, to forget, for the time, that they were of different denominations The prayers were fervent and brief —the songs were soul stirring and sublime.

D

Our Augusta Correspondence.

MEETING OF THE MAINE HISTORICAL SOCIETY

AUGUSTA, Feb 9

Messrs Wheeler & Lynde

The Maine Historical Society in its recent meeting at Augusta presented two points of especial interest—First the exhibition and explanation of exact copies of the earliest authentic maps of the Atlantic Coast of the United States, and explanations of the same by Hon E L Hamlin, of Bangor, and a narrative of Mr Frederic Kidder, of Boston, giving the story of the military operations of the U S Government in Eastern Maine during the revolutionary war, under Col Allan, and his wonderful march with a large body of Indians up the St John River and across the country, by water carriage in canoes down the Machias, where he had his headquarters and held the country for six years against the English

Mr Hamlin's explanations show that this State was for more than one hundred and fifty years known only as Norombega

Mr Hamlin showed the following copies of maps

First Michael Lok's map made from Verrazzani's map of 15.4, and published by Hackluit This map shows three territorial divisions of the Atlantic coast—Norombega, Apalchen, and Florida, each occupying about one third, Apalchen being the smallest of the three

Second Hessowed map taken from Ramusio's great geographical work published in Venice, in 1556, "of a voyage made by a great French Captain in 1539, on the coast of North America" This shows the territory of Norombega, including the country beyond Newfoundland and New York, as near as we can judge This is a most extraordinary map, having the fish and genus of those waters represented with heads of in sight, and the animals and birds, and also the Indians in their various sports and avocations Among the islands in the Gulf of St Lawrence, one is named the Island of the Devil, supposed to be the present Magdalen Islands famous for their Herring Fisheries There are three devils represented true to life, with horns, tails, and cloven foot, in true respects very human Here are the shooting of birds, animals, dancing, fishing, &c, Indian carrying a slaughtered deer upon his back, another asleep under a canopy The description accompanying this map says that the author, after having landed on this coast, found that the inhabitants called it Norombega This is the first time that the word appears in print, though it had appeared on an earlier manuscript map

Third The third map is Ortelius's map, published at Antwerp in 1570 This map divides the territory in three portions, like the first, but in addition appears the city of Norombega very near where Bangor is now, This map is dated 1570

Fourth The fourth is a map of North America, published by Peter Plancius, 1594, at Amsterdam, that represents Norombega and city of Norombega Apalache disappears, and Virginia takes its place

Fifth, The Amsterdam map of 16.3 Norombega begins to lessen, and is bounded westerly by Kennebec river, and easterly by Nova Scotia

Sixth A map of A D 1710 Norombega entirely disappears "Acadie" takes its place

These maps show that from 1524 to 1594, seventy years, Norombega occupies one third of the coast of the United States It continued to grow smaller until about 1710, when it disappears from the maps Milton speaks of Norombega in his Paradise Lost, which was published about 1666 This shows that Norombega was not a myth, in the history of the discoveries of the New World

Mr Hamlin thinks that this State ought to have been called by the sonorous name of Norombega, instead of the flat and meaningless name of Maine, which signifies nobody can tell

Norombega means *Still water* It is only popularly known as the name of a Hall in Bangor

These maps shown by Mr Hamlin were copied from the originals in the possession of Peter Force at Washington, and also from the maps in the Congress Library in the same city They are *traced*, and are exact copies of originals

In the evening, after the tea at Senator Sabury's the resident member, the exercises were resumed

Mr Bourne read an address.

Gov Chamberlain, Messrs Poor, Gilman, and others, made some extemporaneous remarks

Mr Kidder in a plain unostentatious manner made the following *talk*

Mr Kidder said

Some dozen years ago I undertook to make an exploration of the Southern part of the State, and went among the Passamaquoddy Indians, and amused myself in studying their history, and making a wide vocabulary of their language

An old Indian told me they had some paper and letters that came from Gen Washington during the Revolution I thought it a myth, but I was at leisure and thought I would take time to follow the matter up I obtained the services of an Indian who procured a little trunk, in which were the letters of Washington of 1776, in which he tells them he writes from the great river Distant, and warns them of the British and enemies, and asks them to become brothers and give their allegiance to the American cause

Among these letters I found other documents from Col Allan, which gave evidence of what he and his comrades were engaged in during the revolution I was somewhat astonished, and went home and looked in various histories—in Lossing's among the rest I found no such name or anything about the matter I ascertained by my investigations that the Col Allan had been a man of great note in that vicinity I went to the Indian Capt Lewey, whose son is now delegate He told me his father was with Allan, and all what he had done I supposed it mere mythology, but concluded, however, to follow the trail, and accordingly followed up the account, I heard about Allan's journal, and in my efforts to secure this which were successful, found other papers

I made a beginning at the revolution There was quite a commotion in Nova Scotia in 1776 Several families went there from Southern New England, Col Eddie [illegible]

and, favoring the Colonists, he joined their standard and assumed the rank Being well acquainted with the Passamaquoddy and Penobscot Indians, he impressed the leading Colonists at Boston in 1776, with the necessity of taking care of them lest they should depopulate the sparsely settled portion of the State He also went to see Gen Washington, the day before the historic crossing of the Delaware Gen W gave him a small command, He went to hold New Brunswick which was called King's Province There he undertook to form a new colony It was May, 1777, when he started on the expedition, and took possession of the St Johns river At the mouth of the St John there was scarcely any thing like a town, and only a few families from Massachusetts and Connecticut. He went up the St Johns to Fredericton Then he made a stand with about 175 men, of which 118 were true to the cause of the Colonists This number made a declaration of independence, hoisted their colors, and made a treaty with the Indians, intending to settle there But parties proceeded to Halifax and informed the British Government who send a force to attack them There were a few French here who sympathized with the Colonists' cause, and furnished Allan and his followers with subsistence When they were compelled to leave they went up the St Johns river 100 miles and took the whole tribe of Indians, as Allan did not dare to leave them for fear they would join the British

This is the most remarkable road in Maine, and perhaps the oldest in New England,—The carrying place at Chepetnacook Lake, over which they passed, really connected all New England with the St Johns and Bay of Fundy, and St Lawrence Gulf So long have the Indians passed this way in single file, they have worn into the granite three or four inches It is the oldest record of man on the continent, and must have required the wear of six or eight centuries — Thus cross the portage of Chepetnacook, the early name of the St Croix They experienced terrible privations and starvation stared them in the face They scattered into small bands, and crossed to the Machias river

The journal of Allan during that march is full of interest and touching incidents,— He took 500 or 300 people to Machias, he also had with him the Passamaquoddy Indians, whom he kept for six years, sometimes in trial sometimes in prosperity The hostile enemies met them, they would be his [illegible] During this long period of six years the British were sending agents to Americans to induce them to desert the

He was the real commander at the battle of Machias, when the British fleet came there, which he defeated

In conclusion, Mr Kidder says that he has material sufficient to make a book of 800 pages, and comes to the conclusion that Allan with a few people of Machias and what scanty aid he got from Massachusetts was enabled to hold that part of the State, and retain the friendly relation of tribes that would have swept away every family in Maine easily The man has done too much, suffered, and toiled, to be forgotten.

Other papers of interest were read, among which was one by Hon E L Hamlin, on the early traditions and history of Mt. Desert Mr H. has under preparation a history of the many times of the celebrated place Were our letter not too long, we would present something of the subject

Gov Chamberlain was present and participated in the exercises

DICK.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

St. John's Commandery, K.T. Special Conclave, Monday Evening, February 11th at 7 o'clock. K. C.

I. O. of O. F. ORIENTAL LODGE, No 60 Regular Meeting THIS (Monday) Evening at 7½ o'clock Per order I A N YEATON, Secretary feb 11

CHORAL FESTIVAL.

I desire to organize a Chorus of 200 voices for the practice of ORATORIO MUSIC for a Choral Festival, similar in character to the one which was so successful in April 1866

All in this city and vicinity who are interested in having such a Festival, are invited to meet at Concert Hall Norombega Building, Thursday evening Feb'y 14th at 7 o'clock, and hear the plan which I propose F S DAVENPORT. feb 11 (Times)

A Full and Complete Assortment Of the best Boots and Shoes for Ladies and Gentlemen, can be found at T E MOSELEY & CO'S, Summer Street, Boston feb 11

LOST, On Middle Bridge, Thursday afternoon, a FUR GLOVE N S HARLOW feb9

SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS. A few cases of Instruments from the estate of DR HOSEA RICH, may be had at low prices, at my office 4 Smith's Block. N. S. HARLOW. feb 5 sn w

DR S. S. FITCH'S **"FAMILY PHYSICIAN,"** Seventy-six pages, price 25 cents Sent to any address No money required until the book is received, read and fully approved It is a perfect guide to the sick or indisposed Address DR S S FITCH, 25 Tremont street, Boston. jan 30 snly

E. M. Conf. Seminary, BUCKSPORT, MAINE. THE SPRING TERM of this Institution opens on MONDAY, Feb 18th, and continues eleven weeks. JAMES B CRAWFORD, Principal. Bucksport, Jan 30 1867 3w

GOOD BARGAINS! A LARGE STOCK OF Drugs, Medicines, Patent Remedies, Syrups, Extracts, Perfumery, Toilet Goods, Brushes, English Pickles and Sauces, Perfectly Pure Spices, Flavoring Extracts Fine Cigars and Tobacco, All at very low rates. N S HARLOW 4 Smith's Block. feb 6 sn

For Coughs, Colds and Consumption, Try the old and well known VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM, approved and used by our oldest and most celebrated Physicians for forty years past. Get the genuine. REED, CUTLER & CO, Druggists, Boston, Proprietors jan 11 sn6w

WEDDING CARDS Printed with Neatness and Despatch, AT THE Whig and Courier Office, KENDUSKEAG BRIDGE.

DR. SANGER Has removed his residence from the "Exchange," to 83 Harlow Street, first house beyond the High School. OFFICE, - - NO. 90 MAIN STREET. oct 16 snm

I. H. JOHN HOYT, TEACHER OF Piano, and Cultivation of the Voice. Term will commence of twelve weeks, two lessons per week. Refer to Mr. John W Tufts, Prof. B. F. Baker [illegible] dec 24

An Effectual Worm Medicine BROWN'S VERMIFUGE COMFITS, [illegible]

Cabinet Card Photographs. SOMETHING NEW! *THE BEST THING YET!* AT BURNHAM'S. Particular attention paid to making large Pictures from small ones, and finishing them in INK, WATER, AND OIL COLORS. Pictures made in all kinds of weather, and in the best style Satisfaction guaranteed to all. Cabinet Card Albums, & Frames of all kinds FOR SALE jan 21 sn4w No 30 MAIN STREET.

Dr. Schenck, the Lung Doctor. The Proprietor of SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP, the inventor of SCHENCK'S RESPIROMETER the only instrument that can to a certainty detect the slightest murmur of the respiratory organs.

This is of great importance to Dr SCHENCK, to know the exact condition of the lungs, whether it is Tuberculous, Pulmonary, Bronchial, Pleuritic, or Dyspeptic Consumption, and whether it is both lungs or only one that are diseased

It requires constant and long practice to become familiar with every sound or rattling of a diseased bronchial tube Patients come to Dr SCHENCK to get examined that have been examined by their family physician, who told them that their lungs were almost gone, when by a close examination with the Respirometer it is often found that it is an affection of the bronchial tube, and by getting a healthy action of the liver and tone of the stomach, the sufferer is soon restored to health. Sometimes medicine that will stop a cough is certain death to the patient It locks up the liver, stops the circulation of the blood—hemorrhage follows, and, in fact, stopping the action of the very organs that caused the cough

Dr. Schenck will be professionally at his rooms every week, 32 Bond street New York and 35 Hanover street, Boston from 9 A. M until 3 P M He gives advice free, but for a thorough examination with the Respirometer the charge is $5 His medicines are for sale by all druggists and dealers also a full supply at all times at his rooms Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Tonic, each $1 50 per bottle or $7 50 the half dozen Mandrake Pills 25 cents per box. GEO C GOODWIN & CO, 38 Hanover street, Agents for Boston For sale by all druggists dec 1 sn eoly

Georgia Pearson Bugbee, PIANO FORTE and MELODEON TEACHER, 69 *Hammond Street, nearly opposite the Church* N. B All pupils receive instruction in reading and writing music under the celebrated CHEVE system, which is a great assistant to rapid progress on the instruments feb 28—sn

Warren's Balsam *Warren's Balsam!* *Warren's Balsam.* EVERY FAMILY SHOULD HAVE IT, *EVERY STORE SHOULD KEEP IT* Nov20 sn3tawtf E. F BRADBURY.

TUNING. I will receive 100 more orders for Pianos to be tuned by the year, at $5 00 Pianos tuned and repaired as usual dec 21 sntf E. Q. NORTON 24 Main St

MARRIED

In Holden, Feb, 9th, by R Freeman, Esq, Mr Hiram L Berton, and Miss Clarentine Saunders, both of Holden

In Dover 5th inst., by Mark Pitman, Esq, Mr George F Maxwell, of Katahdin Iron Works, and Miss Annie G Davis, of Monson

At Kendall's Mills, Feb 3d by Rev A R Sylvester, Mr John Joy, Jr, of Clinton, and Miss Sarah B Chandler, of Waterville

In Rockland, Jan 31st, by Rev George Pratt, Mr Calvin N Watts of Thomaston, and Miss Martha A Stover, of St. George

In Eastport, Jan 29th Mr Joseph Taylor to Miss Mary A Murray, both of Eastport. Jan 30th, Mr Joseph Willow, to Miss Ellen Kenney, both of E

At Lubec, Jan 19th, by Rev T S Moses, Peter A. Martin, and Miss Emily L. Comstock

DIED

In this city, on the 9th inst., Mary Elliott, wife of Franklin A Wilson, and only daughter of J. W and H. R. Carr, aged 30 years.

[Funeral services on Wednesday next, from the residence of J Wingate Carr, State Street, at 2½ o clock P M

In Augusta Feb 2d, John F son of Capt James P Lansil, of this city aged 26 years and 7 months.

In Foxcroft, on the 1st inst., Mr William Mayhew, aged 81 years 2d inst., Mrs Haskell, wife of the late Ephraim Haskell

At sea, on board the barque Egeria, Sept. 5th, 1866, bound from Singapore to Boston, Samuel S Patten son of the late A S Patten, Esq, of Dover aged 29 years

In Thomaston, Jan 20th, Mrs Elizabeth Rawlett, wife of Dr H C Levensaler, and daughter of Capt. Henry Spalding, of South Thomaston, aged 23 yrs

In Rockland, Jan 1st, Mary E., daughter of the late Nathaniel F and Lucinda Williams, aged 15 years and 9 months

In Waterville, Feb 4th, Charlie, only son of Mr John P and Charlotte Caffrey, aged 18 years and 4 months

NEW CROP Matanzas Molasses, VERY NICE QUALITY, Just received and for sale by AYER & WEED, 116 and 18 BROAD STREET. February 11

New Crop Molasses. Cuba, Clayed & Muscovado **Molasses,** NICE ARTICLE OF THE NEW CROP, Just received and for sale by feb 11 S. H. DALE & CO.

NOROMBEGA HALL! Mr. F. S. DAVENPORT, HAS THE HONOR OF ANNOUNCING A **CONCERT,** —on— **Friday Even'g, Feb. 15th,** On which occasion he will be assisted by MRS. J. A. CROWELL, MISS NELLIE FLETCHER, (pupil of Mr. WETHERBEE, of Boston, MISS HELEN A SAUNDERS, MR J. A. CROWELL, MR. JOHN D CONLEY, VIOLONCELLO, (formerly of this city), MR E L APPLETON, VIOLIN, AND THE **OPERA CHORUS CLASS OF FIFTY VOICES.** An Unusually Attractive Programme WILL BE PRESENTED. TICKETS FIFTY CENTS For sale at the usual places (Times copy) feb 11

Penobscot Lumbering Association. THE ANNUAL MEETING of this Association for the election of Directors, will be held at the Penobscot Exchange, in the city of Bangor, on MONDAY the fourth day of March next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

The Board of Directors will be in session at the Treasurer's office, No. 4 Mercantile Square, Bangor on Thursday preceding the said Monday at ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of receiving and acting upon written applications, of all who are desirous of becoming members of the Association,—stating the number of thousand feet of lumber they own in the Boom this year, with the marks and town ships or tracts where cut, and also for deciding on similar statements made by each member of the Association, each member being entitled, in the choice of Trustees, to one vote for every hundred thousand feet of logs.

The Board of Trustees of said Association will hold their Annual Meeting at the Penobscot Exchange in Bangor, on the same fourth day of March next, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, for the election of the following officers, viz

President, Clerk, Treasurer, and six Directors and to transact any other business which may properly come before said meeting ABRAM MOOR. Clerk. Bangor, February 11th, 1867. dtm

PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES, COMBINING the maximum of efficiency, durability and economy with the minimum of weight [illegible] J. C. HOADLEY & CO. [illegible]

TO THE LADIES [illegible] **HOOP SKIRTS,** [illegible]

List of Letters. REMAINING in the Bangor Post Office, Feb. 11, 1867. Persons calling for these letters will please say "Advertised," and give the date of list

GENTLEMEN'S LIST

B	K
Bartlett, Thomas F	Kimball, George S
Bills, S	Knowles, A K
Brown, John M	L
Bowen, J J	Lowell, Patrick
Bangs, E J	M
Brown C F	Moran William
Bills & Kenney	McCraw, Hugh
C	McAuley, B B
Clish Joseph	McGowan, A G
Coyle, J A	N
Conry James	Nichols, G & Co
Clarry James	Noble, Donald
Cowan, Fred C	P
D	Perkins Joseph H
Duran W A	Perley Jonas H
Dunnough, Thomas	Parker, Mr E
Dickey, J M	Potter Mr E J
Dudley, J F	R
Dore, John S	Ryder Thomas
F	S
Fesler, J B	Springer F T care of J H Legro
G	Sumner, M
Gray, George G	Stewart, John B
Getchel, Chas E	Snow, Frank
Grey, Chas	Stevens, Ezra
Gagreet Alding	Shephard D H
H	Smith Walter B 2
Higgins Ruel W	T
Hurd James	Thurston, B
Harrison, George	W
Hall, G W	Wing Edwin
Hall, Daniel	Welch Wilm

LADIES' LIST

A	K
Adams, mrs A R	Knight miss Ellen care Samuel Fenno
Allen miss Clarra A	L
B	League miss Mary A
Bridgham miss Maria H	Low mrs Almira A care Chas Knight
Bartlett miss Mary A	M
Baker, miss Fancie	Mitchell, miss Mary R
Baker, mrs Betsy	Malcome, miss Florence
C	Merrill miss Charlotte
Crowell, mrs Martha	Mitchell, mrs Carrie M
Carter mrs Hannah	McGraw mrs Bridget
Crowell, mrs A H	McRae, mrs Neal
Coleman, miss Kate	Moran mrs Winnie care John Manion
Coleman, Catherine	O
D	Oakes, mrs Almira J
Dearing, mrs Sarah T	R
Dunmore, mrs Susie W	Robinson, mrs Maria
Doak mrs Phebe M	Reynolds miss Mary E
Deane, mrs Emma W	Rowe, miss Mabel
Durgin, mrs Almira	S
Donoghue, miss M A care Martin	Studley, mrs J T or G T
E	Staples, mrs Eliza
Ewer, miss Mary	Snow mrs Elizabeth
F	Smith, mrs Betsy
Ferguson mrs David	Snow, mrs Henderson
Follows, mrs Victoria	Sounders, mrs Temperance
Foul n Mary	Sawyer miss S A
G	Stevens mrs P A
Green, mrs Sarah	T
Green, miss Rosa A	Triggs, mrs Sarah M
Goldsmith, miss E	Tetzko, mrs M M 2
H	Tarrens, mrs Charlotte A
Ham, miss Martha A	W
Hemmond, miss E B	Weiss mrs Weltha
Harlach, miss Abby	Wyman mrs Nancy
Hurd, mrs Cynthia O	Winslow miss A P
Hill, mrs Gustie	Washburn miss Sarah A
Higgins, mrs Thomas	Watson mrs Lizzie B
I	Y
Irvin miss Rebecca	Yeaton, mrs Mary L
J	
Jameson mrs Julia A	

Feby 11 CHAS E MILLER P M.

FOR SALE, A Good Residence in Carmel Village. The Subscriber offers for sale his residence together with about six acres of land, with a store on it, all adjoining The house is newly finished throughout, with good stable, and a fine garden with excellent fruit trees Also, **A Good Pasture & Wood Lot** will be sold with the above property if desired J D WARREN. Carmel Feb'y 9th, 1867 1awtf*

NOTICE. WE, the undersigned, members of the Corporation of the Maine Central Institute hereby give notice that there will be a meeting of the Trustees of said Institution, on TUESDAY the 26th inst., at seven o clock P M, at the office of Going Hathorn, Esq in Pittsfield

A general attendance of the Trustees is desired, as matters of importance in relation to the school will come before the meeting GOING HATHORN, W C STINSON, J C CONNOR, N F WEYMOUTH AURA L. GERRISH Pittsfield, Feb 8 1867

NEW CROP Molasses! 50 HHDS NEW MATANZAS MOLASSES, of prime quality for sale by CHAS HAYWARD & CO. Bangor, Feb 9 1867 1wd w3t

Dissolution. THE Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers is dissolved by mutual consent Z Grover is authorized to settle the business of the late firm ZEBULON GROVER, CYRUS S, GARLAND

Grist Mill. THE Subscriber will continue to carry on the MILLING BUSINESS at the stand on Frank in Bridge, and will be constantly prepared to Grind all kinds of grain **Corn Meal, fresh ground,** constantly on hand. I shall also keep for sale **GRAIN** of all kinds Give me a call Z. Grover. Bangor, Feb 9, 1867 1w

Valuable Mills and Lumber Property FOR SALE IN LOWER CANADA SITUATED ON THE YAMASKA RIVER, NEAR WEST FARNHAM

THE building of the Lower Mill is a substantial frame work 44x42, The dam gives eight feet of head water, and drives two circular saws of 4 feet 6 inches, either of which produces 8000 feet daily — The mill also contains an improved butting saw. The lot contains 161 acres of good land, with nine dwelling houses, workshop, barns &c An excellent road to the Stanstead, Shefford and Chambly Railroad, about a quarter of a mile, where the lumber can be loaded and taken to St Johns on the Richelieu River fifteen miles whereat can be easily shipped to the States

There is also an excellent yard for piling lumber The booms will contain ten thousand logs There are large quantities of good Hemlock Tamarac and Spruce adjacent, and the supply must last for years

THE UPPER MILL is about three miles from the Stanstead Shefford and Chambly Railroad by the public road, and 2½ miles from Lower Mill It consists in a water privilege which gives nine feet of head water and a piece of land containing four acres adjoining the mill and forming four islands and a piece of ground of two acres Just below the mill and house there are two good piers, and the booms are capable of containing 5000 logs at a time The mill contains one circular saw, four feet in diameter, and carriage, also a log drum chain or ball wheel, a butting saw and a shingle machine

The building is forty-six feet by thirty two, with an addition of thirty-nine feet by twenty This part contains the butting saw and shingle machine The circular and carriage has a cast iron frame, and has two sets for long and short lumber There is a blacksmith shop, two houses, and a barn and a house and two acres below. The mill saws 7000 feet a day. The district adjacent is well timbered with Hemlock, Spruce and Tamarac

The buildings, machinery, booms, piers, &c, of both mills are in perfect order

The above offers an unusual opportunity to engage in the lumber business and may be purchased at a bargain

Full particulars will be forwarded upon application to W. BROWN West Farnham Canada East February 9, 1867 3taw 1mis

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE YONKERS AND NEW YORK **Fire Insurance Company,** December 1st, 1866.

ASSETS.

Bonds and Mortgages, being first lien on property worth double the amount insured thereon,	$153 000 00
United States 5 per cent Bonds of 1881	13 000 00
Do 6 per cent. 5 20 Bonds,	150 50 00
Westchester County 7 per cent. Bonds,	20 000 00
New York State 7 per cent. County Bonds	23 0 00
Loans on call, secured by State Stocks,	10 000 00
Cash in hands of Agents, outside premiums and in Bank,	23 415 65
Interest accrued,	10 100 00
Debts due the Company from other Companies, and salvages,	3 100 00
Company property,	3,600 00
	$383,185 65
Unpaid losses at same date	$9,500 00

NEW YORK, Dec 31, 1866.

I hereby certify the above to be a correct statement of the affairs of the Yonkers and New York Fire Insurance Co, Dec 1, 1866 JOHN W. MANAY, Sec'y

Sworn to before me this 31st December, 1866 JAMES HARRISON, Notary Public.

JOHN B. FOSTER & CO., Agents, 44 WEST MARKET SQUARE. feb 9 Bangor

Banjo Lessons. Lessons will be given on the BANJO by the subscriber, in a thorough manner. Apply, for terms, &c., at JOHN LOWELL'S, Main street. EMERY HALL, Late of Campbell's Minstrels. feb 7

Farm and Woodland for Sale, Being a portion of the Nat'l R. Burleigh Estate, containing about [illegible] acres, situated on Broadway, two miles from [illegible] Bridge. For particulars apply to Dr. [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] Regardless of Cost! OUR ENTIRE STOCK TO BE CLOSED OUT PREVIOUS to MARCH 1st. READ THE PRICES.

Empress Cloths	
Worth $1 37 1-2 cts,	only $1,00,
Plaid Poplins	
Worth $1 37 1-2 cts,	only $1.00
Thibits	
Worth $1,25 cts,	only 75 cts
Gray Flannels	
Worth 50 cts,	only 37 1-2 cts.
Fancy Flannels	
Worth 55 cts,	only 42 cts.
Bro. Sheetings yard wide,	only 17 cts.
Best Prints	only 18 cts
Print Remnants	only 15 cts
Ribbed Hose (all wool),	only 25 cts

OUR ENTIRE STOCK —AT— EQUALLY LOW PRICES. CALL AT ONCE Early callers get the Best Bargains, JOHNSON BRO'S, 15 WEST MARKET SQUARE February 8th 1867, d&w

ELEGANT **VALENTINES,** IN GREAT VARIETY, JUST RECEIVED BY CHAS. HIGHT. feb 8

MRS. S. A. SPALDING, CLAIRVOYANT and HEALING MEDIUM, is now stopping at the Avenue House corner of Union and Fourth Sts —Room No 2 When requested she will give tests and remove pain by laying on of hands Terms ONE DOLLAR for each sitting feb 7 1w*

Penobscot Log Driving Company. THE Annual Meeting of the PENOBSCOT LOG DRIVING COMPANY, for the choice of Officers and transact on of business, will be holden at the Penobscot Exchange in Bangor on TUESDAY the fifth day of March A D 1867 at two o clock in the afternoon. By order of the Directors ALBERT W PAINE Clerk Bangor, Feb 7th 1867 dtm

AGENTS WANTED TO CANVASS for the cheapest and best selling Book in the country Headley's History of the Great Rebellion, two volumes complete in one, 1200 royal octavo pages

Many agents are making from $50 to $100 per week canvassing for this work sold by subscription only Sole and exclusive rights given of uncanvassed territory with liberal commissions Send for circulars to J PAITEN FITCH Lock Box 1,27 Portland Me jan 26 c&w2w*

$25,000 U. S. 5-20 BONDS. GOLD—NEW ISSUE. FOR SALE BY P. M. BLAKE, Feb 7 1w No 9 Central Street

U. S. 5-20 BONDS WANTED, By P. M. BLAKE, Feb 7 1w No. 9 Central Street

No. 20 Main Street! THE PLACE TO BUY **Fur Goods** *OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS* OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF MINK, SABLE, FITCH, SQUIRREL, AND Low Priced Fur Goods, WILL BE SOLD AT 20 Per Cent. Less than Cost, for the balance of the season We shall also sell at prices merely nominal all our goods in the line of Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, &c., *WHICH ARE OUT OF STYLE* THOMAS HERSEY & CO., feb 5 No 20 MAIN STREET.

EXCELSIOR HARNESS BLACKING. THIS BLACK is rightly named "Excelsior" from the fact that it is acknowledged by *all* who have used it, or have seen its effects to be **Far Superior** to any thing ever introduced for the purpose of Blacking and Cleansing a Harness The following are *some* of the reasons for its meeting with such gratifying marks of the public approbation

1st—A good or very much worn harness can be made by it. use to look nearly as good as a NEW one.

2d—Its ingredients in connection with the Neats Foot Oil of which it is in part composed afford an EXTREME SOFTNESS and pliability to the leather hardly to be obtained by a complete soaking in Oil itself.

3d—Snow rain, or dampness will not effect it.

4th—It is less trouble, and occupies less time to apply it than any other preparation besides avoiding any delay in the use of the harness as it may be used immediately after application

5th—It positively does not injure the leather, and never smuts

It will keep a Harness clean much longer than any thing else, and dust and dirt will not stick to it, but can easily be brushed off

7th—Soap and water will easily remove it, when desirable

There is sufficient in a bottle if properly used, to black a Harness five or six times

Samples of its effects upon leather may be seen at the places of sale

WHOLESALE AGENTS, **John B. Baker & Co.,** Saddlery and Harness Warehouse, No. 12 Court Street, BOSTON. For Sale in Bangor by W. L ALDEN & CO, B. F. BRADBURY and J. W. PATTEN & CO jan30 2w

Co-Partnership Notice. The undersigned would respectfully inform the public that they have this day formed a Co-Partnership, under the style of BRAGDON & COWAN, To carry on the BLACKSMITH BUSINESS in all its branches, at the old stand of E. L. BRAGDON, on the Central Bridge. [illegible] A. M. COWAN. [illegible]

FURNITURE. G. W. MERRILL, 62, 64 and 66 Main Street MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN Upholstered Furniture of every Description, FEATHERS MATTRESSES &c.

OWING to the large additions which I have lately made to my factory in the way of machinery, &c I am now prepared to produce quality of work as the best manufacturers in Massachusetts and sell as low as the lowest.

Repairing in all its branches done by experienced workmen

All custom work warranted to give satisfaction. Purchasers have only to call and see for themselves to be convinced that I sell as low and lower than any dealers in New England G. W. MERRILL, February 2 3taw 66 Main St

TO BUY DRY GOODS AT THE **LOWEST PRICES,** CALL ON **STONE & MAYO,** 18 West Market Square, Where you will find A NEW AND DESIRABLE STOCK OF **FRESH GOODS,** *JUST BOUGHT AT LOW PRICES* and which will be sold accordingly low. STONE & MAYO. SAML B STONE T B MAYO January 28 1867

Maine Central Railroad Company. THE Stockholders are hereby notified that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Maine Central Rail Road Company will be held at the Town Hall in Waterville, on WEDNESDAY February 27th 1867 at half past eleven o clock in the forenoon, to act upon the following articles to wit—

First To hear the report of the Directors and Treasurer of said Company, and act thereon

Second To make choice of a Board of Directors for the ensuing year

Third, To see if the Company will ratify the pledge of the Directors to the Dexter and Newport Rail Road Company, for the lease of their road when completed EDWARD T LITTLE Clerk. Waterville, Jan'y 1, 1867 jan 24 3w

Beef, Pork, Flour and Teas 50 BBLS CHICAGO BEEF, (new) 100 bbls Western Extra CLEAR PORK 500 bbls EXTRA FLOUR 50 Chests TEA (various qualities) GEO C PICKERING jan 28 1m No 4 West Market Square

Why Suffer from Sores? When by the use of the ARNICA OINTMENT you can easily be cured It has relieved thousands from BURNS, CUTS, CHAPPED HANDS BOILS SPRAINS, WARTS, ITCH, And every complaint of the skin Try it for it is but 25 cents. Be sure to ask for HALE'S ARNICA OINTMENT! For sale by all Druggists or send 35 cents to E SEYMOUR & Co Boston Mass and receive a box by return mail jan 21 d&w8w*

ATTENTION! **9 Months Soldiers!** —AND— **Soldiers Discharged for Disability without Bounty**

IN the Bill now before Congress providing for a U S Bounty of $8 33 1 3 per month for all soldiers who enlisted and served Nine Months and for other Soldiers who were discharged for disability before expiration of term of enlistment, each Soldier must bring or send us his discharge to enable us to secure the proposed Bounty

Special Notice. Many Nine Months Soldiers have been induced to make application for the Bounty before the passage of the law This practice is highly reprehensible fraudulent, and void and the papers must all be made over again and signed anew, to be of any binding effect either upon the Soldiers or the Government

Call at the old and reliable WAR CLAIM AGENCY No. 1 Main Street. PERKINS & STEVENS U. S CLAIM AGENTS BANGOR, - - - - MAINE February 1

Partner Wanted. THE subscriber offers for sale one half of the building known as the **KIRBY STORE,** Together with the stock, which consists of STOVES, TIN-WARE, TOOLS, &c Said stand is well located in Newport Village and superior inducements are offered to purchaser N W DEERING Newport Feb'y 2, 1867 14tf

PURCHASE YOUR **ENVELOPES AND PAPER,** At BARTLETT'S, Where will be found a New Stock of the **BEST STATIONERY** OF ALL STYLES AT LOW PRICES. feb 5

NEW STOCK. GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, and SPECTACLES Just received and for sale low WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, & Repaired as usual, at DANIEL WHITE'S No. 2 Kenduskeag Bridge feb 1

COUGH REMEDIES, At Wholesale and Retail. WARREN'S COUGH BALSAM, (two sizes) Ayer's Cherry Pectoral Wistar's Balsam Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, Reed & Cutler's Pul Balsam Hunter's Pul Balsam, Larookah's Pul monic Syrup Poland's White Pine Compound Coe's Cough Balsam, Jayne's Expectorant Pitcher's Pul Balsam Hall's Lung Balsam Allen's Lung Balsam Roger's Syrup of Tar and Canchalagua Buchan's Hungarian Balsam King's Prepared Prescriptions and very many others, all at BRADBURY'S jan 16

PEOPLE 10,000 lbs. Choice Strung **KENNEBEC APPLE!** AT WHOLESALE, BY **Bragg & Wescott,** jan15 tf NO. 35 BROAD STREET

FLOUR! 1000 BARRELS—the best of St. Louis and Southern Illinois 1500 BARRELS—the best of Western Extras and Supers. **Corn and Meal.** *EXTRA, CLEAR AND MESS PORK* LOW FOR CASH AT WHOLESALE. Please call and examine before purchasing WALTER BROWN & SON, jan 17 114 and 118 Exchange Street

Vessels for Sale. One Brig, 263 tons new measurement—rates A2—well found in every respect A ... 4 Schrs, from 100 to 350 tons reg tons Apply to P. McCONVILLE. dec27 tf

DR. POND'S LECTURES ON THEOLOGY—Suited to family and private reading, as well as to ministers and theological students. For sale by E. F DUREN jan 31

February. ATLANTIC, Young Folks, Frank Leslie, Ladies Magazine and other monthlies, received by J W BARTLETT jan 24

February. HARPER, Godey, Peterson, Demorest & Beadle received by D. BUGBEE & CO jan 26

Two Marriages. BY the author of John Halifax, received by CHAS HIGHT jan 29

January BLACKWOOD, received by D BUGBEE & CO jan 29

New Books. PHILIP OF ORLEANS, by [illegible]. Two Ma[illegible] [illegible] by Ouida. [illegible] D. BUGBEE & CO

TELEGRAPHIC. [illegible] New from [illegible] A New R[illegible] Propose[illegible] Mr. Banks' [illegible] Reported [illegible] He Oppos[illegible] Militar[illegible] Leading F[illegible] Intern[illegible] NEW Y[illegible] Effects of [illegible] Immense D[illegible] Bridge, South[illegible]

The Senate [illegible] ing nominatio[illegible] Truman Har[illegible] Belfast, Me [illegible] Daniel L. [illegible] Isaac Overplan[illegible] the claims of [illegible] pended during [illegible] President Jo[illegible] body today as [illegible] version paid [illegible] for his munific[illegible] terests of the S[illegible] Mr Peabody [illegible] there was a [illegible] United States [illegible] of that countr[illegible] The Execu[illegible] oughly renov[illegible] $40 00) A communi[illegible] War gives the [illegible] pense of supp[illegible] Mountain regi[illegible] ton, cost 88[illegible] Another co[illegible] ity of General [illegible] reported issued [illegible] protection of [illegible] received at h[illegible] Senate resoluti[illegible] referred to Ge[illegible]

The followi[illegible] Banks propose[illegible] reconstruction [illegible] military gover[illegible] States [illegible] The preamb[illegible] Whereas, a [illegible] organized in [illegible] [illegible]

THE BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

TELEGRAPHIC
TO THE
Whig & Courier.

News from the Capital.

A New Reconstruction Bill Proposed in the House.

Mr. Banks' Substitute for the Bill Reported by the Reconstruction Committee.

He Opposes the Theory of Military Governments.

Leading Features of the New Internal Revenue Bill.

NEW YORK ITEMS!

Effects of the Great Storm of Saturday.

Immense Damage to Roads, Mills, Bridge, etc., by the Flood.

Southern Items!

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.

The Senate today confirmed the following nominations—

Thomas Harman, Collector of Customs at Belfast, Me.

Daniel L. Collier of Philadelphia and ... Overplank of Buffalo, to examine into the claims of Massachusetts for moneys expended during the war for coast defences.

President Johnson called upon Geo Peabody today as a private citizen, and in conversation paid the latter a high compliment for his munificent gift to the educational interests of the South.

Mr Peabody, in allusion to England, said there was a friendly feeling towards the United States by the people and government of that country than ever before.

The Executive Mansion has been thoroughly renovated at an expense of about $1000.

A communication from the Secretary of War gives the details of the enormous expense of supplies delivered in the Rocky Mountain regions. Hay costs $60@$110 ℔ ton; corn $3@$8c ℔ lb.

Another communication states on authority of General Grant that no such order as that issued by General Sherman for the protection of the overland trains has been received at headquarters. A copy of the resolution relative thereto has been sent to Gen Sherman for a report.

WASHINGTON, Feb 10

The following is a synopsis of Mr Banks proposed substitute for the bill of the reconstruction committee, providing for military governments in the lately rebellious States.

The preamble recites that

Whereas, a form of government has been established in Louisiana, one of the States lately in rebellion, which has never been recognized by Congress, and having failed to secure the right of loyal citizens or provide government against disloyal persons, cannot now be recognized without peril to the public interest, and,

Whereas, The condition of the country ... demands the earliest restoration of this and other insurgent States, and,

Whereas, There is reason to believe that with such protection as the General Government may rightfully extend to the people of Louisiana, they will be able to establish and maintain for themselves the equality of rights affirmed by the Declaration of Independence, and guaranteed by the Constitution to all the people of the United States therefor.

The first section provides for creating the appointment of three Commissioners to be designated by the Senate, one by the House, and an officer in the army to be designated by the head of the department of War to proceed immediately to Louisiana and establish a civil government in a republican form upon the basis herein specified.

The second section provides that all loyal male citizens twenty-one years of age and upwards shall be registered without distinction of race, color, and former condition of slavery, who have resided six months in the State, and who have heretofore exercised the right of suffrage, or served in the army or navy of the United States, or possess real or personal estate to the value of $100, who are able to contribute by taxation to the support of the Government, or who read and write, and the citizens so registered shall have a right to vote for delegates to the constitutional convention.

The third section excludes from suffrage all who have taken an oath as members of Congress, officers of the United States, members of the State Legislature or Executive or Judicial officers of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States, and subsequently engaged in the rebellion, giving aid and comfort thereto, or voted for any act of secession: but Congress, by each House, may remove such disability.

The fourth section empowers and directs the commissioners to call an election of registered voters qualified under this act not less than thirty days notice, to be given under such regulations as they shall deem necessary or expedient for the choice of delegates to a convention to adopt a constitution.

The convention shall consist of the same number of members the most numerous branch of the legislature previous to the rebellion.

The convention shall meet at the time designated by the commissioners.

Registered voters, and all elected to office under the act, are required to take the test oath.

If the commissioners or officers of registration be satisfied that any person has falsely or fraudulently taken the test oath, his name shall be stricken from the register.

The convention, when duly organized, shall submit to its members the question of the acceptance of this act as a basis for the restoration of civil government in Louisiana.

3d—The ratification of the Constitutional Amendment proposed to the Legislatures of the several States by Congress, and if the same is accepted and ratified the convention shall proceed to form a State constitution.—This constitution is to be submitted to the registered voters under this act, and if ratified by a majority of the legal voters, shall be declared the constitution of the State of Louisiana. The military commander of the department is authorized to declare martial law in certain contingencies, and use military force to sustain the action of the commissioners and maintaining the public peace. All public officers or persons in authority, by whomsoever appointed, are required to render the commissioners or officers appointed by them, or in pursuance of their orders, such aid as may be necessary to secure the objects contemplated.

Military officers are authorized and required, on complaint of the commissioners or officers appointed, to arrest and punish by fine or imprisonment any person who shall be guilty of any offence against the public peace or persons in authority under this act.

The expenses are to be paid by the United States, to be reimbursed by the State.

The last section ... required to carry this act into effect.

WASHINGTON, [illegible]

The committee on ... [illegible]

...mittee propose to exempt from tax all articles which enter largely into the cost of living.

A section is added to avoid a duplication of taxes, so that where there is a tax on the raw material there shall not be another tax on the manufactured article in its various forms. The tax is to be either on the raw material or on the manufactured article.

A large number of articles are to be exempt from tax because the cost of collection is not equivalent to the receipts therefrom.

The income tax is to be on the amount in excess of $1000 instead of $600, and the uniform rate 5 per cent. All rents, taxes, insurance and repairs are to be deducted.

A more stringent provision is made for the collection of the tax on whiskey.

When an article is offered for sale at less than the amount of the tax this fact is to be regarded as prima facie evidence that it has not paid the tax and is subject to seizure.

The report of the Commissioner for January contains an elaborate compilation of the wages of labor throughout the country, based on original returns from every State in the Union. It also includes the Territories. The average rate of wages for white labor without board is $28 per month, and $15 50 with board. The average rates of freedmen's labor is $16 per month, with board at $9.24.

The highest rate for the States is in California, which is about $45 per month. Massachusetts pays the next highest wages, viz. $38.

NEW YORK, Feb. 9.

A Washington despatch states that Geo Bancroft is to be appointed Collector of Boston.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.

The attaches of the New York Press held an adjourned meeting at the Astor House yesterday, and adopted rules for the government of the proposed Press Club.

Steamship Ocean Queen, with San Francisco dates to the 19th ult. has arrived at this port.

Henry A. Van Daisen, clerk of the Ladies' Charitable Fair, has been arrested on a charge of violating the law against lotteries.

The original contractors for the introduction the fire alarm telegraph, have quarreled as to the proceeds of the invention, and an injunction on its use is to be sued out by one of the parties. Alleged corporation corruption is among the developments which are promised.

A fire at No. 2 Liberty street last night, destroyed property to the value of $30,000. D. Harnestein & Co., surgical instrument dealers, lost $10,000, and Haggerty Bros., dealers in drugs, $15,000.

The German girl who killed her brother the other day in a quarrel, has been admitted to bail in $5000.

A descent was made on a faro bank last night. Eleven gamblers were arrested and the apparatus seized.

Zeno Burnham, who was once convicted of swindling and sent to prison and was pardoned in a manner that excited indignation, has been arrested again on a charge of swindling.

Steamship Ocean Queen, from Aspinwall, brings $788,000 in treasure.

The U. S. steamer Mackinaw had arrived at Aspinwall.

Wm. B. Little, U. S. Consul at Panama, is dead.

Advices from Bogota state that the American Minister, Mr Burton, had made no settlement of his difficulty with the Executive, and was about to leave the capital for the coast, to await instructions from his government. He complained of lack of courtesy to himself and other foreign ministers to Mosquera, and evinently appears to have the best of the dispute.

The agents of the Government at Panama and Aspinwall are ordered to take exact data as follows: Total weight of the mails transported over the Isthmus, number of passengers, quantity of money and treasure, and total weight of cargoes. As most of the cargoes of the steamers are measurement goods, it is presumed they must be all weighed over.

A bank is to be established in Guatemala, with a capital of $5,000,000.

The coffee crop of Guatemala is about the same as last year, while that of cochineal will be greater.

Four-fifths of the cotton crop of Salvador has been destroyed by worms and rains. The yield will not be over 1200 bales.

President Dienas' message represents the country as peaceful and prosperous, with a balance in cash on hand of $90,000, and that there is a fair prospect of the public debt being paid off.

The revolution in Nicaragua has been suppressed.

The epidemic on the transit route is disappearing, though it is reported that 100 U. S. troops have died of the disease. It has made its appearance in Granada, Rivas and Managua.

The Costa Rica government has concluded a contract with John C. Fremont, James W. Nye and others for the construction of a railroad from Simon Bay, on the Atlantic, to Caldera, on the Pacific.

Gen. G. Lawrence has been well received as U. S. Minister to Costa Rica.

A body of priests of the order of San Francisco, who emigrated to Costa Rica in November, have been expelled from the country by the unanimous voice of the people, who raised $5000 to pay their expenses out of the country.

The coffee crop of Costa Rica is very large, amounting to 150,000 quintals.

The advices from South America are unimportant.

A british barque had arrived at Valparaiso with 16 large cannon for Chili.

A vessel had arrived at Callao with the yellow fever on board.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Feb. 10.

The heavy rain of Saturday night carried off most of the remaining snow, causing a damaging flood in all our mill streams, surpassing anything of the kind since 1837.

Dams and bridges are carried away in various parts of the State, and the loss in this vicinity may reach one or two hundred thousand dolls.

The Journal reports the quantity of rain at 4 15-100 inches.

NORWICH, Ct., Feb. 10.

The heavy rains on Saturday and Saturday night have swollen all the streams in this vicinity to an almost unprecedented height. The Shetucket and Thames at this place have overflowed their bank, and the lower part of the city is inundated.

The connection of the track between the New London Northern and Worcester R R has been submerged, so that the Boston train on Saturday night was compelled to land the passengers at Allyn's Point, where they took the steamer.

The dams in the Yantic, Shetucket and Quinnebaugh have sustained severe damage and in several places have been carried away entirely, together with paper mills, woolen mills, etc.

The dams at Danielsonville and Rainfield have gone by the board, the latter carrying away six bridges.

The dam of the Pequot Company has been swept away, and the mill considerably damaged.

The amount of damage to mills and mill property in this vicinity cannot now be estimated.

[By Cable to Associated Press.]

Florence, Feb. 9. The Crown Prince of Italy and commander-in-chief of the Italian army is soon to marry an Arch-Duchess of Austria.

Queenstown, Feb 9—Evening. The Cunard steamship Asia from Boston arrived today.

Liverpool, Feb. 9. Cotton ... firmer—sales reached 12,000 bales—Middling uplands, 14½d.

Breadstuffs steady without change.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Feb. 9.

The State Senate has passed a bill to pay the State bonds, making New York the place of redemption.

The mob have hanged a horse thief at Stanford.

At Lawrenceburg, Ky., negroes are shooting and killing [illegible]

[illegible]

LOUISVILLE, Feb. 9.

The noon passenger train from Nashville for Louisville ran off the track near Franklin, Ky., to-day. A passenger car and the baggage car were thrown down an embankment and demolished.

There were but few passengers on the train, none of whom were seriously hurt. The conductor, baggage-master and brakeman were badly injured.

Henry Marble's bust of President Lincoln will be inaugurated at noon on the 12th inst. at the Academy of Music.

Gov. Bramlette is expected to preside.

An eulogy will be delivered by ex-Attorney General Speed.

A letter has been received from President Johnson declining to attend in consequence of the pressure of public business, but expressing the warmest sympathy with those "who render this just tribute to this great and good man."

The weather is cold and business is almost suspended by the heavy snow.

MEMPHIS, Feb 9.

The Radicals held a meeting to-night to appoint delegates to the State Convention at Nashville.

MOBILE, Feb. 9.

A destructive fire occurred to-night at the corner of Commerce and St. Louis Streets destroying several stores. Loss about $100 000.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb 9.

The town of Balize, at the mouth of the Mississippi river, was destroyed by fire this morning. Loss $60,000.

A number of families were rendered houseless.

Mr Campbell, Minister to Mexico left this evening for a short visit to his family in Ohio.

SAVANNAH, Feb. 10.

Ship Mary, Raymond, of Halifax, went ashore last night during a fog off Tybee.

TOPEKA, Ka., Feb. 9.

The Senate has passed a bill to organize four cavalry, two infantry and two companies of light artillery.

The House joint resolution to strike out from the constitution the word "white" was amended so as to allow electors to vote on the question of striking out the word 'male,' and also after 1872, to make intelligence the basis of suffrage. The House will probably concur.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 9.

The steamer Golden Age sailed today for Panama. She carried $900,000 in treasure—$219,000 for New York.

Crown Point Mining Company declared a dividend today of $100 per foot; Imperial $12 per share.

Flour unchanged. Wheat 1,70 ℔ 100 lbs for choice.

Legal tenders 73½.

The steamer Idaho, 101 days from Bath has arrived.

Three vessels laden with wheat sailed yesterday for Europe.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb 10.

The weather has been very cold to-day.

The ice in the Delaware has broken up.

BOSTON, Feb. 10.

The Trinity Methodist Church in Charlestown was burned to the ground this morning. Loss $35,000.

Some contiguous dwelling-houses were partially burned.

OTTAWA, C. W., Feb 9.

The discount on American securities for the ensuing week will be 25 per cent.

TORONTO, Feb. 10.

To-day Mr McKenzie made an application in the Court of Queen's Bench for a new trial in the cases of Roundy and McGrath, two of the Fenians convicted at the last Assizes.

The Judges will give judgement early next week.

Monetary Affairs.

NEW YORK, February 9. SECOND BOARD.—United States 5-20s coupons, 1862, 105⅞ @ 000; do. 1864 105⅛; do. do. 1865, 105⅛; do. do. new issue 000; U. S. 10-40s, 99⅝; U. S. 7-30s, all series, 000. The Money market closed at seven per cent.—New York Central Railroad 102; Erie Railr'd 79⅝; Missouri State Sixes 96; Michigan Central 108½; Michigan South'n 74⅞; Cleveland & Pittsburg 85; Cleveland & Toledo 119; Chicago & Rock Island 99; Chicago and Northwestern 36; Pittsburg & Fort Wayne 97⅝; Canton 46⅝; W. U. Telegraph 55; Illinois Central 114⅞; Reading 104¼; Hudson 107½; Ohio & Mississippi Certificates 00; Boston Water Power Co. 00; Cumberland Coal Co. 00; Quicksilver Mining Co. 39¼; Adams Express Co. 00; American Express Co 64½; United States Express Company 56½; Merchants Union Express Co. 15; Wells Fargo & Co 70½; Pacific Mail Steamship Company 150; Atlantic Steamship Co. 104; Mariposa Mining Co. preferred 22½.

American gold 137⅝.

Markets.

NEW YORK, Feb. 7. Cotton a shade firmer—sales 1100 bales; middling uplands 33 cents. Flour without change—sales 4800 barrels; State 9,25@12,00; Round Hoop Ohio 11,20@15,00; Western 9,25@12,50; Southern at 11,25@14,50. Wheat is unchanged—sales of Wilked Canada 2,40; No. 2 Milwaukie 2,40; White Canada 330; White Michigan 3,25. Corn firmer; sales 48,000 bush; Mixed Western 1,13@114; Yellow Jersey 112@112½. Oats dull—sales 24,000 bushels—Western 60@66; State 69@70; Jersey 00@00. Beef steady; sales 0000—new plain mess, 12,00@18,00; extra 17,00@00,00. Pork is firm; sales 3250 bbls; new mess, 20,25@20,37; old, 17,87; prime 0000@00.00. Lard is lower—sales 650 barrels at 11½@12½ for old and 12⅜@13½ for new. Groceries quiet and dull. Naval stores are quiet—Spirits turpentine, 68@69; Rosin 3,37½@9.00. Petroleum quiet—Crude, 18½; refined bonded, 27@30. Tallow steady—sales 113,000 lbs at 11¼@11½.

Freights to Liverpool firm—Cotton ⅜@½d per sail.

CHICAGO, Feb. 9. Flour unchanged—spring extra 9,50@10,75. Wheat—fairly active at 1,87 @ 1,87½; Corn in active demand and 3c higher—sales at 82@82½ for No. 1; and 70 for No. 2.

Thirty-Ninth Congress.

SECOND SESSION.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.

Senate.

Mr Yates presented a petition of a widow of one of the men killed at the New Orleans riot, and expressed the hope that every sufferer by the horrible massacre may be cared for by the Government. Referred to Committee on pensions.

Mr Dixon asked leave to correct an error in the transmission of his proposed Constitutional Amendment to the press. The 2d section, which reads as follows, was omitted:

The Union, under the Constitutional Amendment is and shall be perpetual. No State shall pass any law or ordinance to secede or withdraw from the Union, and any such law or ordinance shall be null and void

Mr Fessenden, from the Finance Committee, reported the House contingency fund and deficiency appropriation bill: Passed.

Mr Sherman offered a resolution, directing the Committee on Printing to inquire into the expediency of transferring the publication of debates to the Government printing office, or letting the contract.

The League Island Naval Depot bill was taken up but postponed until Tuesday next.

Mr Wilson called for a vote on the motion to reconsider the rejection of the Bankrupt bill. Reconsidered.

Mr Wilson gave notice that he would on Monday ask for the consideration of bills from the Military Committee.

On motion of Mr. Wilson a vote was taken on the motion to reconsider the vote rejecting the Bankrupt bill, resulting in yeas 22, nays 14.

Further consideration on the subject was then postponed.

The District of Columbia bills were considered and several passed.

Mr Wilson introduced a bill to restore the jurisdiction of Indian affairs to the War Department on ... 1st of July ... deferred to the [illegible]

[illegible]

Mr Hubbard, from the committee on public expenditures, asked leave to make a report in part of the investigation into the affairs at the Custom House, and asked to have it printed. Objected to.

The bill from the reconstruction committee providing a more efficient government in the insurrectionary States was taken up.

Mr Banks said that he had at first intended to support the bill, but on reflection it seemed to him necessary to withhold his vote from it. He believed the States in rebellion were still States. He had never known the army to exert a good influence in the civil government. His theory was to establish a commission to reconstitute Louisiana on a basis of the constitutional amendment, and extend the work gradually to the other Southern States.

After Mr Banks' speech the Nebraska bill was passed over the President's veto, by a vote of 120 to 44, and proclaimed to be a law by the Speaker.

The House resumed the consideration of the reconstruction bill.

Mr Raymond suggested its reference to a special committee.

This caused quite a spirited discussion, but as the proposition was not made formally, it came to nothing.

Mr Niblack spoke against the bill.

The death of Mr Cirder, which occurred during the recess, was announced, and the House, out of respect to the deceased, adjourned.

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS.

—The 20th annual meeting of the Penobscot County Missionary Association will be held in the vestry of the First Parish church this (Monday) evening at 7½ o'clock.

OUR FOREIGN CORRESPONDENCE. We shall publish another interesting letter under date from Rome, in to-morrow's paper.

—We learn that Elder Miles Grant, of Boston is to preach in the F. W. Baptist meeting-house on York street, this (Monday), evening and to morrow evening, at seven o'clock. Subject—the Second Advent.

SERIOUS ACCIDENT TO A BANGOR MAN. The Boston Journal of Saturday says that on Thursday afternoon as some men were at work painting masts on board steamer Katahdin at Lombard's wharf, East Boston, one of them, David Murray of Bangor, was struck by a falling spar and his skull badly fractured. He was immediately attended by Dr. Foltz, who performed the operation of trepanning. His recovery is doubtful.

—Another of our sudden and extreme changes of weather occurred yesterday and last night. After the thaw and moderate rain of Saturday, the southerly storm terminated Saturday night in a smart rain accompanied with violent gusts of wind, taking nearly all our snow and about spoiling the sleighing in this vicinity. On Sunday morning, the wind came round to the north, the weather cleared, and the cold came on rapidly. The difference between yesterday morning and this morning is probably fifty or more degrees. The sleighing has been about spoiled, but the rain has brought some skating for the young people. It is an ill wind that blows nobody good. The dealers in skates will get some trade out of the storm, probably.

TREAT'S FALLS DAM. *Messrs. Editors:*—In the discussions at Augusta in relation to the duty of the delegation from Bangor, it was a matter of controversy, whether the members of the City Government ought to be regarded as opposed to a grant, which would enure to the benefit of an entirely new organization, the Bangor Water Power Company. Also, whether the petitioners for the proposed city aid, were not now, many of them, really against it. Upon both these points, the delegation have abundance of time to satisfy themselves. If it is actually true, as I am altogether sure it is, that a majority of the people of Bangor desire the passage this winter of an aid bill by the Legislature, there are methods by which it can be manifested, and so clearly as to insure the result. *

—Rufus Dore of this city had stolen from his barn on Friday night last, a cow valued at seventy-five dollars. He employed the services of officer Walker on Saturday forenoon. The officer found the cow in a hovel in Orono belonging to Joseph Peavy. The officer obtained a warrant and arrested Peavy. He stated he bought the cow of an Englishman the day before for fifty dollars. The officer obtained a description of the man and arrested him in the road on Hathorn Meadow Saturday night. He says his name is John McMullen, that he bought the cow in Greenbush on Thursday. McMullen is in jail waiting for the Grand Jurors.

THE OBSTRUCTIONS IN OUR RIVER.—We are indebted to T. H. Garnsey, Esq., recently at Augusta for a copy of Gen. Alexander's Notes of his recent survey of our river. We publish it full as follows:

Notes on the Penobscot River, Maine, by B. S. Alexander, Major of Engineers, Brevet Brig. Gen. U. S. A., made on the 3d and 4th of September.

The object of the examination of this river between Bangor and Winterport was to ascertain the nature of the obstructions to navigation, and their causes, with a view to the improvement of the river, and to enable me to give intelligent instructions in reference to the survey of the river between Hampden and Bangor, as authorized by recent act of Congress.

The obstructions are of two kinds:

1st, rocks.

2d, bars which are forming across the river.

The rocks are in the channel of the river and abreast of the city of Bangor. There is one very dangerous rock, called "Independence Rock," in mid-channel, opposite to the city, which all the commercial men are very anxious to have removed. It is only with great care that vessels can swing past it, and even with all the precautions which can be taken, they sometimes ground upon it at low water. The rock is represented to be quite small, being only a few feet broad at its highest point. As the tide rises and falls here some eighteen feet, I have no doubt but that the top of this rock may be easily blasted off at low water, and the fragments afterwards taken up and removed from the river if necessary. This is the only one of the rocks that is believed to be *in situ*. The others, of which there are several in the river, abreast of the city, are much smaller, and are supposed to be boulders which have been brought down by the ice and deposited. All such rocks could be easily removed by a sloop properly rigged for the purpose, and a man in armor to go down and make fast to them.

But the subject of the greatest anxiety to the commercial men of Bangor, is the yearly growth of the bars which are forming across the river, narrowing the channel and thereby rendering the navigation difficult, and threatening in time, unless arrested, to close the channel altogether for the larger class of vessels.

There are three of these bars, going down the river. The first is just below the city of Bangor. The second is at Hampden. The third is at Winterport. These bars are formed by slabs, edgings and sawdust, which arrest the sediment ... [illegible]

...lation will be needed on the subject. A State law prohibiting the owners of saw-mills and lumber-yards from throwing their slabs, edgings and sawdust into the river, with proper penalties attached to its violation, and a Commissioner or Commissioners to see that it is enforced, would seem to be necessary. So long as the cause of the formation of these bars is in active operation, it would seem to be useless for the government to undertake their removal. Unless this, or some other effective remedy is applied, the river will, in time, be liable to serious injury, and the city of Bangor, instead of being the greatest lumber market in the country, may, some day, wake up to the fact that she is an interior town.

In conclusion, I recommend, for the reasons which were stated in my notes on the Kennebec River, that the survey of the Penobscot river, "above Hampden," to Bangor be turned over to the Coast Survey, and, if the appropriation will justify the expenditure, that I receive orders to remove "Independence Rock." From what I could learn of this rock I am of the opinion that it could be removed for about two thousand dollars; though, if we undertake it, being still in some little uncertainty as to its exact form or size, it might be safer to set aside a larger sum, say three thousand dollars for that purpose.

(Signed) B. S. ALEXANDER,
Brevet Brig. Gen. U. S. A.
U. S. Engineer Office, Portland, Maine, September 21, 1866.

—Two infant children having died somewhat mysteriously in Lewiston, an investigation of the case was made before a coroner's jury who submitted the stomachs of the infants and their contents to physicians for examination. The physicians, five in number, unanimously concurred in the opinion that nothing in the appearance of the stomachs of either of said children indicated that poison had been administered, or that death occurred in consequence thereof. The verdict of the jury was given in accordance with this opinion.

RESIDENCE FOR THE NEW PRESIDENT.—The Brunswick Telegraph says that the house of Capt. F. O. Jordan on Federal street, next south of the Cleaveland estate, has been purchased by the College as a residence for President Harris, who, with his wife, has been in town this week to look up some arrangements for its occupancy. The house is one of the best built in the village, of modern style, and has an excellent location, just about in the right spot for the residence of the new President.

—On the 3d inst. the store of G. & O. Flood, at Kendall's Mills, was broken into, and robbed of dry goods to the value of $400. Monday morning some persons went to the ruins of an old building about half a mile from the village to get some bricks, and discovered something red sticking up in the snow. An investigation discovered all the stolen goods. The parties concerned in the robbery are known and will be attended to.

INFORMATION WANTED. Any officer or private of the 9th Me. regiment, who can give any information concerning the fate of Edward B. Sanderson; drum major of that regiment, will confer a favor by communicating the facts to his wife, Mrs. Emma S. Sanderson, Rockabema, Aroostook county, Maine.

SNAKE STORY. The Argus is informed by Mr. John A. Dunham of Falmouth that, as Mr. Stephen Huston of that town was coming out of the woods on Thursday last, he came across a striped snake about two feet long, running over the snow. He appeared as lively as he would in summer.

EASTERN RAILROAD CO. At the annual meeting held in Boston on Monday the following Directors were chosen:—George M. Browne, Sam'l Hooper, Nathaniel Thayer, Franklin Haven, Benjamin E. Bates of Boston; Wm. L. Dwight of Portsmouth; H. L. Williams of Salem.

—A correspondent of the Ellsworth American says:—"An act has been passed to incorporate the 'Castine Brick Manufacturing Company' with a capital stock of $20,000. Messrs. Devereux, Witherle & Co., C. W. Tilden, Hopke, and others are the incorporators.

—We learn from the Home Journal that Alonzo Southard and John Longfellow, already under arrest in Augusta for store breaking, were the parties concerned in breaking into the fur store of Mr. J. E. Davis in Gardiner a few weeks since.

—The annual meeting of the Maine Central R R Co. is to be held at Waterville on Wednesday the 27th inst

—We find the following singular paragraph in the Machias Republican of last week. The eastern natives appear to have some of the peculiar institutions of the subjects of Queen Victoria:

A man by the name of Bryant, becoming dissatisfied with his wife, last week, called upon an auctioneer, and the wife and the furniture in his house were sold at public auction. The wife was sold for ten dollars. Sometime before next morning the husband and wife made up their troubles, and Bryant refused to deliver to the purchaser the wife and furniture.

—Mr. Charles Shaw, the celebrated tanner of Dexter, Me., (firm of C. & B. Shaw & Co) has purchased of H. G. White of So. Framingham, Mass., the following blooded stock, viz.:—The short-horn cow Ada, by Earl of Warwick, and the bull Duke of Grafton, by Monitor, out of the above cow. Also, heifers Cornelia and Rena 2d, both by Monitor dams by Earl of Warwick. Mr. Shaw has done much for the science of tanning in the State of Maine, and now he has turned his attention to the improvement of stock, will no doubt meet with equal success.—[Shoe & Leather Reporter.

—We regret to learn that our venerable townsman, Henry Goddard, Esq., again met with a serious mishap yesterday afternoon. He was in Mussey's new block, when he made a misstep and fell backward into the cellar. We do not know how severe his injuries are, but we fear they are serious.—About a year ago he fell and injured his hip and had just dispensed with the use of crutches.—[Argus.

—In consequence of one of the axles of the locomotive breaking at Etna yesterday, the passenger and mail train on the Maine Central Railroad was delayed one hour and a half in arriving here in the afternoon, and failed to make a connection with the Boston train.—[Press Friday.

—The beautiful clipper ship Ivanhoe, built and owned in this city, and commanded by Capt. Horace Harriman, was the largest ship that entered the port of San Francisco, and delivered the largest cargo during the year 1866.—[Belfast Age.

The Auburn Murder.

The negro's confession is partly published by the Journal. With regard to this confession we may say that the Detective freely expresses the opinion that there is probable reason to believe in its substantial truth.

In general terms it may be stated that the negro says that the subject was broached to him on the evening of Wednesday while returning from Lewiston, ... [illegible] ... Mrs. Kinsley had a large amount of money in her house, ... suggested another ... [illegible]

...anyway, and if he could make the woman tell where it was and get away without their recognizing the parties engaged in the robbery, then the inmates were not to be killed. But if they were recognized, then both women were to be put out of the way.

The negro proceeds at first to give an account of his movements Wednesday evening of the night of the murder, substantially as already reported in these columns. He came to this city with Mr. W. H. Keith's horse and sleigh, alone, visited several friends, obtained a pint bottle full of whiskey, and fortified himself with four drinks during the evening, leaving this city to return home about nine o'clock, where he arrived near the hour of ten.—Mr Keith lives about half a mile beyond the place of the murder. After taking care of the horse he went to his room at Mr Keith's, and soon all was quiet in the house and all peacefully sleeping but the negro who, excited with liquor, was awaiting the hour of midnight, appointed as the time to execute the bloody work.

The prisoner alleges that he soon met his accomplice after leaving the house, which he did stealthily, without making any noise or creating disturbance, in his stocking feet, carrying his boots in his hands.

The parties (the confession goes on) at once proceeded to the rear of Mrs. Kinsley's house, well aware that there, then, were only the two old ladies, quietly and unsuspectingly asleep within.

The negro alleges, his accomplice, armed with a hatchet and knife, he himself having no weapons, went ahead through the rear entry door leading into the shed, into the house. When the negro returned with his cap, he passed through the doors which had been opened by his accomplice, into the kitchen, and from thence through the door, into the Sitting Room, where he heard proceeding from the room, where Mrs. Kinsley slept, the door being open, the shriek, and cry, "Polly, Polly, come here," Poll being the given name of Miss Caswell who was sleeping in the room. The accomplice meantime seems to have entered the room of Mrs. Kinsley.

The negro states that the accomplice on reaching the sitting room, as the former afterwards ascertained, laid his hatchet upon the lounge and proceeded at once to Mrs. Kinsley's bed room opening into the sitting room, finding her peacefully sleeping. He immediately moved to her bedside and seized her with his hands. Just then it was, she shrieked and cried, "Polly, Polly, come here" and the negro appeared on the scene.

The accomplice seized a chair and struck Mrs. Kinsley with it over the head, demanding to know where the money was. At first Mrs. K. said that "her daughter had all the money with her down to Lewiston." The negro then appeared upon the stage, and the demand was repeated, when she indicated that it was at the head of her bed, in a closet at that place.

The negro then opened the passage way door leading from the bed room into another room at the right, and searched the passage way in every part, but could find nothing. The money was really in a trunk on a bureau in this room beyond, and there was a second door in the passage way opening directly into the room. The negro missed it, supposing that the passage way was only a closet, while it was both a closet and a passage way.—While the negro was searching for the money Polly Caswell, aroused by the cry, arose, came out into the sitting room, and proceeded to the mantle piece where she was trying to light a lamp.

The accomplice, hearing Polly coming out, left the bedside of Mrs Kinsley, the latter being partially insensible, and passing out of the bed room—leaving the negro there—stealthily tip-toed up behind Polly, who stood back to the mantle-piece, and struck her on the head with, as is supposed the hatchet. This felled her to the floor; and the accomplice left her supposing she was dead.

The accomplice then returned to the bed room, and demand was again made for the money, but no response was received. Mrs. Kinsley was still alive, but perhaps in a swoon. Her pockets and the closet were again searched.

At this point Polly, who had been left for dead, by the mantle-piece, was discovered up and moving across the floor towards her room, her white night clothes making her visible in the dim moonlight. The negro went out to take care of her, and seizing a chair, struck her and at last felled her in the door-way, where she was found.

Returning to Mrs. Kinsley's bed-room, the negro found that the accomplice had made way with Mrs K. by stabbing her in the neck. The negro was then sent for a light—all the transactions above detailed having been in the dark. He proceeded to the kitchen, but in trying to obtain a match, he upset the match-box and it turned out that neither of the murderers could light a lamp.—Having satisfied themselves of this, after some immaterial incidents, they sat down together upon the lounge in the sitting room and talked over the money matter.

After sitting there a short time, the negro said "it is of no use to stay here, we can't find the money," whereupon they both arose and left the house by the back door.

The negro asserts that when he entered the house he had not the least idea that murder was contemplated, but when the work was commenced he says "he did his part."

The negro says there was no attempt to set fire to the buildings. The detective was satisfied previously from the inspection of the pile of burnt wool found in the shed, that it was simply something taken from a stove.

There was no light in the house during the execution of the terrible tragedy, and no attempt on the part of the murderers to wash themselves there or divest themselves of any clothing.

It was about 2 o'clock A. M., when the murderers finished their work.

Despatches to the Evening Times.

NEW YORK, Feb. 9.

The World publishes an expose of the order called the "Grand Army of the Republic," showing it to be an organization numbering 500,000 radicals, to sustain the impeachment of President Johnson.

MADISON, Wis., Feb. 8.

The Assembly, by a vote of 69 to 18, last evening concurred in the ratification of the Constitutional Amendment which heretofore passed the Senate.

CLOAKS! CLOAKS.

COLKINS & STANFORD,

Have marked down their Entire Stock of Cloaks, And will sell regardless of Cost for the next 30 days!

DRESS GOODS MARKED DOWN.

Thibets worth $1.12 1-2, selling for 75 cents,
All Wool Plaids worth $1.50, selling for $1.10 cents,
All Wool Plaids worth $1.25, selling for 75 cents,
Good Dress Goods selling for - - 25 cents,
Best DeLaines - - - - 24 cents,
Best Prints - - - - - 18 cents,
Good Cotton 1 yard wide - - - 17 cents,
Bleached Cotton - - - - 12 1-2.

And the Balance of our Stock at Correspondingly Low Prices.

☞ We would invite buyers to examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

January 14, 1867. COLKINS & STANFORD.

STATEMENT OF THE BUSINESS OF THE

MERCHANTS Mutual Marine Insurance Company,

For the Year Ending Dec. 31, 1866,

And an Exhibit of the Condition of the Company at that date.

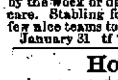
Amt. at risk Jany. 1, 1866.	$565,750	$40,139 30
Amt. at risk taken during the year.	3,023,269	139,875 47
Total,	$3,589,019	$180,064 77
Terminated and Reinsured,	2,412,919	82,680 02
Amt at risk Dec. 31, 1866,	$1,176,100	$97,384 75
Premiums earned after paying Reinsurance,		$76,349 94
Policy Account,		159 00
Interest Account,		3,534 12
Amount to Profit & Loss Dec. 31, 1865,	$35,472 76	
Less Dividend of 1865,	14,749 98	$20,722 78
		$101,365 84
Amt. of Losses paid in 1866,	$58,866 60	
Less Reinsured,	10,000 00	$68,366 60
Expense Account.		3,704 86
Internal Revenue Tax and Stamps,		2,584 38
Profit and Loss for 1866,		25,710 00
		$101,365 84
ASSETS.		
Bills Receivable,		$104,769 76
Cash on hand and deposited,		14,505 59
Bangor City Bonds,		7,080 00
State of Maine Bonds,		7,562 50
U. S. 5-20 Bonds,		[illegible]
U. S. 7-30 Bonds,		7,276 60
Stock in Second National Bank,		10,900 00
Stock in Kenduskeag National Bank,		10,900 00
Balance due the Company on Account,		33,132 05
Office Furniture,		1,000 00
		$194,746 50
LIABILITIES.		
Bills Payable,		$3,227 70
Scrip of the Company,		61,480 00
Balance on Acct.,		1,312 64
Loss adjusted unpaid,		17,311 83
Estimated to pay Losses,		20,000 00
Known but not adjusted.		
Estimated cost to reinsure all risks,		50,000 00
Balance of Assets over actual and estimated Liabilities,		41,724 33
		$194,746 50

J. F. FOSTER, President.
JOHN F. KIMBALL, Sec'y.
Bangor, January 23, 1867.

NOTICE.

HAVING leased the York Street House Stable, I am now prepared to take horses to board by the week or day, which will receive the best of care. Stabling for transient teams. I also have a few nice teams to let. WM. BRYANT.
January 31 tf

Horse for Sale.



A GOOD BUSINESS, or LET HORSE, 8 years old, weight 1000 lbs. Apply to the York Street House Stable.
jan 31 tf WM. BRYANT.

ENGLISH BREAKFAST, Oolong and Japan TEAS, in small caddies for family use. These Teas are of the very finest quality and highest cost. They have been pronounced superior to any Teas seen in this market for many years.

MUTUAL STORE CO.
dec 15 tf

BREADSTUFFS

Coles' F F F G Flour,		New Buckwheat Flour	
Plant's	do	Rye	do
Standard	do	White Corn	do
Tiedemann's	do	Bolted Corn Meal,	
Centre Star	do	Rye	do
Davis's Best	do	Oat	do
Champion	do	Wheat	do
Phoenix	do	Wheat Groats,	
Hydraulic	do	Hominy.	

CHEAP AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
By MUTUAL STORE CO.
December 15th, 1866. tf

WATERVILLE CLASSICAL INSTITUTE.

THE SPRING TERM WILL BEGIN ON MONDAY, FEBRUARY 11th,

For particulars apply to the Principal, or send for catalogue. J. H. HANSON Principal.
Waterville, January 14, 1867. j16 d2aw4w&w4t

HAMPDEN ACADEMY.

THE SPRING TERM of this Institution will commence on the 3d MONDAY of February, (18th), under the charge of

J. F. DUDLEY, A. B.,

Assisted by a competent Board of Instructors, in the different branches of English and Classical study.

The Preceptress, of undoubted qualifications, will have charge of the French and German classes.

PAINTING and DRAWING will be taught by the former skillful and successful instructor.

Instruction in Vocal and Instrumental Music will be given by an experienced Teacher.

Board in pleasant families and rooms can be obtained at reasonable rates.

For further information address the Principal.
jan 25 d&wt820 DANIEL CROSBY, Sec'y.

"The Pen is Mightier than the Sword."

THE GOLD PEN,
BEST AND CHEAPEST OF PENS.

MORTON'S Gold Pens,

The Best Pens in the World.

For sale at his Headquarters, No. 25 MAIDEN LANE, New York, and by every duly-appointed Agent at the same prices.

A Catalogue, with full description of Sizes and Prices, sent on receipt of letter postage.
A. MORTON.
jan 1 d&w6m

GEO. F. ROGERS & CO.,

Wholesale and Commission Dealers in



Fish, Lobsters and Turtle.

Stands, Nos. 7 & 8 Fulton Fish Market, NEW YORK.

Reference, PENOBSCOT EXPRESS, 6 Main Street.
dec 28 3md

BOOK & PAMPHLET WORK,
Executed at Short Notice,
AT THE
Whig & Courier Job Office,
NO. 1 BOWMAN'S BLOCK.

Turk's Island Salt,

AFLOAT AND FROM STORE, ... for sale by ... [illegible]
nov 19 [illegible]

[illegible]

INSURE YOUR LIVE STOCK

A Reliable Company To Protect Owners of Live Stock,

Has long been needed. That want is now supplied in the

HARTFORD LIVE STOCK INSURANCE CO.

CHARTERED CAPITAL
$500.000.

Incorporated by the Legislature of Connecticut, with a Perpetual Charter.

READ THE FOLLOWING

Letter from DENNIS F. FLAGG, Esq., one of the solid men of Boston.

BOSTON, Dec. 6, 1866.

Messrs. Speery & Washburn,

General Agents, Hartford Live Stock Insurance Co., 96 Washington street, Boston,

Gentlemen:—I have to acknowledge the receipt of your check for FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS, being in payment for LOSS BY DEATH of my mare, Lady Mace. Said mare was insured in the *HARTFORD LIVE STOCK INSURANCE CO.* (in connection with my other stock), through your Agency on the 26th day of November, and on the 5th day of December following she accidentally received a kick from another horse, breaking her left fore leg above the knee, rendering it necessary to kill her, as an act of humanity.

Your PROMPT PAYMENT of the loss, without any discount, the day after her death, only confirms my previous confidence in the Company, and I cheerfully recommend all OWNERS OF LIVE STOCK to INSURE THEREIN, as my experience convinces me that it is just the thing wanted to protect them from loss by death, from either accident or disease. Very truly yours,
DENNIS F. FLAGG,
No. 96 Washington street, Boston.

Indemnity against Loss BY Theft and Death,

FROM ANY CAUSE,
IS NOW OFFERED TO ALL CLASSES.

Delays are Dangerous!

Secure your Policies at once in this
The Pioneer Company of America.

B. Plummer & Sons,
GENERAL AGENTS.
Jan 16 1m BANGOR.

CANCERS CAN BE CURED

DR. L. CHASE,
(LATE OF PORTLAND,)

THE CELEBRATED
INDIANOPATHY, CANCER & HUMOR DOCTOR,

HAVING purchased the residence of H. A. Wood, 54 Hammond Street, Bangor, Maine, would be happy to be consulted by all who are afflicted with

Cancers, Cancer Humors, Tumors, Scrofula, Leprosy, Salt Rheum, Fits, Neuralgia, Bronchial Affections, Catarrh, Rheumatism, Sick Headache, Liver Diseases, Female Weaknesses, Piles, Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, Diseases of the Kidneys, Stiff Joints, Gravel, Diabetes, &c., &c.

DR. CHASE has practiced in his profession for sixteen years, and in that time has spent two years in Florida and Cuba, for the purpose of gaining a correct knowledge of the most efficient remedies, used by the various tribes of Indians of that country, and by great expense has gained many valuable secrets which have heretofore been unknown to the world.

In Cancer he claims superiority over all other Physicians of the age, for he never fails to perform a cure when taken in a proper stage.

His mode of curing Cancers is by the application of a plaster, which is strictly vegetable, and will have no effect upon the healthy flesh; and in no case uses a knife, as does Dr. Greene, of Boston.

He also boldly asserts that he can tell every individual their disease and location of their pains, and describe their feelings in almost every case, more minutely than they can possibly themselves.

Dr. Chase is not a Clairvoyant, but conducts his examinations on a strictly scientific principle, and will challenge any professed medium for a test examination.

Office hours from 9 A.M. to 8 P.M. Examinations free. Office at residence No. 54 Hammond Street.
November 7, 1866. d&w

STEAM SAW MILL FOR SALE.

SITUATE AT THE MOUTH OF THE ST. JOHN RIVER, N. B., now in excellent working order. Has one Gang and one single Saw, Edger and Trimmer, &c., complete. Also,

2 LATH MACHINES.

Fine accommodations for 2½ millions feet logs.

—ALSO,—

DWELLING HOUSE, &c.

This property will prove an excellent investment for Capitalists. For particulars apply to P. McCONVILLE, Or to GEO. S. BAKER, Fairville, St. John, N. B.
Bangor, Me., Jan. 15. 1m

Aroostook Railroad!

CLOTHING, AT OLD PRICES.

NEW STOCK
RECEIVED THIS WEEK, AT
GIBBONS' NEW STORE,
EXCHANGE ST.,

Third Door from State Street, Bangor.
CUSTOM WORK MADE TO ORDER.
dec 28 HUGH GIBBONS.
50 Per Cent. Less than Former Prices.

E. P. LANSIL,
COOPER & CISTERN MAKER,

Would inform the people of Bangor, and the public generally, that he is prepared to make to order and warranted, at reduced prices,

CISTERNS, TANKS
WATER CASKS, &c.

... at MUTUAL STORE CO., Central ... PHILLIPS & CO., Broad St., will ... attention.
... jan 2 tf

SAMUEL NASH,
DEALER IN
[illegible]

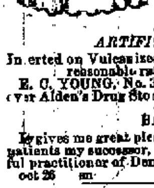
Tickets from Bangor,

TO ALL POINTS
WEST AND SOUTH!

VIA
New York Central,
New York and Erie,
AND
Pennsylvania Cent'l Railways

For sale at the Union Ticket Office, No 9 Central Street. P. M. BLAKE, Agent.
Sept 18 eo

DENTAL NOTICE.



Having bought the Office, Practice, and good will, of Dr. N. S. JENKINS, I am now prepared for the practice of *Dentistry* in all its branches.

FILLING, EXTRACTING, CLEANSING.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH

Inserted on Vulcanized Rubber, Gold or Silver, at reasonable rates, and warranted.

E. C. YOUNG, No. 3 Union Block, Main Street, over Alden's Drug Store.

BANGOR, September 12, 1866.

It gives me great pleasure to recommend to my patients my successor, DR. E. C. YOUNG as a skillful practitioner of Dentistry.
oct 26 sm N. S. JENKINS, D. D. S.

MISS S. E. PLAISTED,
Music Teacher,

Piano Forte Lessons, with Exercises in Writing in Harmony. A knowledge of this branch is necessary to those wishing to obtain a thorough musical education. Apply at No. 9 Grove St., or at Horton & Patten's Music Store.

References.—Hugo Leonhard, Boston; E. F. Duren, Bangor; Horton & Patten, do. jan 12 smtf

Dr. Blaisdell's Office,
2½ HARLOW'S BLOCK,
RESIDENCE—89 ESSEX STREET.
OFFICE HOURS FROM 2 TO 5 P. M. mch 2 sn

Slowly, Steadily Successfully,
SMOLANDER'S
EXTRACT BUCKU
IS CURING

Every case of KIDNEY DISEASE, RHEUMATISM, GRAVEL, URINARY DISORDERS and PAINS in the BACK; FEMALE COMPLAINTS and TROUBLES arising from EXCESSES of ANY KIND.

TRY SMOLANDER'S.
Take No Other Bucku.

Sold in Bangor by W. L. ALDEN & CO., and N. S. HARLOW, and by Apothecaries generally.

Price $1.

BURLEIGH & ROGERS, Wholesale Druggists, Boston, Mass., General Agents.
W. W. WHIPPLE, Portland, Agent for Maine.
mch 7 sp d&wly

A Nefarious Business.

It is the richly freighted ship that is tracked by the robbers of the sea; and, on the same principle, it is the popular specific that the land buccaneers, called counterfeiters, select for their shining mark.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

stand pre-eminent among the medicinal preparations in this country. The demand for them is something wonderful, unparalleled; hence the counterfeiters know full well that if they can impose their fiery fluids upon the people as that famous tonic they can make fortunes by the fraud.—They are now at work. Detectives are on the trail of some of them, and others have been already brought to book. Let the public second the ... [illegible]

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THE BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

Whig & Courier

[FOR THE CHILDREN]

THE CHICKEN'S MISTAKE.

A little downy chicken one day
Asked leave to go on the water,
Where she saw a duck with her brood at play
Swimming and splashing about her

Indeed, she began to peep and cry,
When her mother wouldn't let her
"If the ducks can swim there why can't I,
Are they any bigger or better?"

Then the old hen answered, "Listen to me,
And hush your foolish talking,
Just look at your feet, and you will see
They were only made for walking"

But chicky wishfully eyed the brook
And didn't half believe her
For she seemed to say by a knowing look
"Such stories couldn't deceive her"

And as her mother was scratching the ground,
She muttered lower and lower
"I know I can go there and not be drowned,
And so I think I'll show her"

Then she made a plunge where the stream was deep
And saw too late her blunder
For she hadn't hardly time to peep
Till her foolish head went under

And now I hope her fate will show
The child my story reading
That those who are older sometimes know
What you will do well in heeding

That each content in his place should dwell,
And envy not his brother
And any part that is acted well
Is just as good as another

For we all have our proper sphere below,
And this is a truth worth knowing
You will come to grief if you try to go
Where you never were made for going!

The Oldest City in the World.

We take the following from a very interesting description of ancient Damascus, (known to be 4000 years old and how much older nobody knows) from an article in the February number of 'Hours at Home'

Wearied in all our limbs, all our senses aching with the dreary monotony of the ride, we came at length to the brow of a mountain, and suddenly as if by enchantment, a scene of almost unearthly beauty and splendor bursts upon our view We look down upon an unbounded sea of verdure, laving the very foot of the mountains on which we stand, and stretching eastward and southward as far as the eye can reach The nearer portion of this bright green sea is planted thick with an immense forest of fruit-trees—the walnut, the chestnut, the apple, the pear the peach, and the pomegranate—many of them now in blossom, and so hung all over with the most brilliant colors, which shade off gradually into the sombre hues of a still more extensive forest of olives in the distance In the midst of this wilderness of flowers and fruit trees, a large city lifts its walls and palaces its domes and towers and minarets, all of the purest and most brilliant white, an eastern city flashing in the light of an eastern sun, like some magic ship of more than mortal size and splendor moored amid gardens and islands of the blest, and floating in a sea of such living green as nature puts on only where vegetation luxuriates in the quickening power at once of a tropical sun and artificial irrigation That is DAMASCUS, the Pearl of the Orient and the earthly Paradise It is a sight such as the most extensive traveler sees only once in his life Mohammed is said to have looked down upon it from these same heights, and, after gazing upon its enchanting beauty, he turned his back upon the city without entering it, saying that a man could have but one paradise, and he did not choose to have his in this world The Orientals call Damascus 'a pearl set in emeralds' It owes its beauty, its wealth, and its very existence to the waters of the Barrada or Cold river, the Abana of the Bible, and the Chrysorroas, or Golden river, of the Greeks which, taking its rise from the snows of Anti Lebanon and winding like a ribbon of emerald down its rock ribbed sides, spreads itself, like a mantle of green velvet embroidered with thread of silver and gold and silk of divers colors, over a plain some thirty five miles in length and twenty five in breadth, and loses itself at length in those lakes whose crystal waters, reflecting the sunlight, form a border of silver sheen * *

From the earliest periods of authentic history, from the days of Abraham, and no one knows how much earlier, through all the vicissitudes of Syrian, Babylonian, Persian, Greek, Roman, Saracenic Tartar, and Turkish sovereignty Damascus has been a populous and wealthy city She has seen cities and empires coming and going, drifting past her like the sands of the desert while she for forty centuries, has stood unmoved and flourished like the forest fruit-trees by her own water-courses Once, under the caliphate of the Ommeiyades it was the capital of an empire which stretched from the Himalayas and the steppes of Tartary to the Pyrenees and the shores of the Atlantic Usually, however, it has been a much coveted satrapy or pashalic of some great empire; and the great castle which stands in the north west angle of the city was an immense quadrangular building 850 feet long by 600 broad, surmounted by a dozen or more heavy square towers and exhibiting an incongruous mixture of Roman, Byzantine, and Saracenic architecture, looks down upon the city, a crumbling but still frowning monument of the military government which, from age to age, has been imposed upon it. Once, under Tamerlane, it was given up to the lust and rapine of a brutal soldiery, the inhabitants butchered in cold blood, the houses rifled of untold wealth, and the city itself devoted to the flames But it rose, like the fabled Phoenix from its own ashes, and soon recovered its former manufacturing and commercial prosperity and, cursed as it is by Mohammedan and Turkish rule, it is by far the largest and richest city in Western Asia, a city of one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and one of the most charming and luxurious cities in the world Like other earthly paradises, however, it has been a prey and a prize, rather than a ruling power among the nations David, Nebuchadnezzar, Pharaoh, Alexander, Caesar, Saladin, Genghis Khan, Tamerlane, and not a few other great conquerors have worn it among the brightest jewels in their crowns It has always been the chief city of Syria 'The head of Syria is Damascus,' says one of the earliest Hebrew prophets, and at the present time the natives call Damascus and Syria by the same name But, though belonging to the same great Syro-Arabian family of nations and languages as the Jews and the Arabs who have revolutionized history and lifted themselves to a proud pre-eminence among the historical nations, the Syrians of Damascus have organized neither institutions nor ideas, have made almost no impression on the language, the literature, or the history of mankind The Arabs have given the world their science, and the Jews have given it their religion But the Syrians have contributed nothing of substantial value and permanent influence to the civilization or the culture of the race Syriac literature, there is none, and the Syriac language, as written in books is preserved only in a few documents in the Hebrew Bible, and in one of the earliest versions of the Hebraistic Greek Scriptures. Even Jews and Arabs, when they settle in Damascus, build palaces, and lay up treasures of gold and gems, but do not write books, collect libraries, command armies, or govern nations And the Turks there are barbarians, not cultivated [illegible], but only enervated and corrupted by the vices of a luxurious city with their fanaticism not softened, but intensified by a tropical climate and remoteness from European influences. The Mohammedans, who constitute four fifths of the population, are a strange compound of indolence, fanaticism and [illegible]. That we may not be suspected of mistake or exaggeration, we quote the language of one who has spent years among them 'They spend their time between [illegible]

in body and mind by the vices which their religion sanctions, and which are nourished by their soft [illegible] to an extraordinary growth, they revel in the indulgence of their appetites and passions, with the full persuasion that a sensual paradise on earth is the vestibule or outer court of a sensual heaven

Mysterious Disappearances from Paris.

The Paris correspondent of the London star writes,

"In one of my latest letters I related to you the sudden and strange disappearance of Prince Ghika from his residence, Boulevard Malesherbes A certain feeling of alarm now prevails in the mind of the public, owing to the frequency with which similar cases have of late occurred in Paris M. Baragnon's revelations as to what has been going on read like a novel of the middle ages One would really fancy in perusing this paper that we were living in the good old times, when Lutetia was intersected by narrow and muddy lanes, when the streets were lit by lanterns, when people were in the habit of being attacked by masked robbers, thrown into the Seine, or plunged into *oubliettes*

'Among the staring facts brought forward by M Baragnon to prove that he is in no way exaggerating the state of things, allow me to reproduce the following, which occurred during the last few months Madame X—— twenty three years of age, beautiful, and strictly virtuous, arrived in Paris with an elder sister, for the education of her three children Her husband, a wealthy New York merchant, sanctioned and approved of this Madame X——took an apartment in the Champs Elysees, devoted herself to the care of her little boys, attended church regularly, occasionally in company with her sister, at a convent at Auteuil, and, in fact, led a most exemplary life One morning, at eight o'clock, she summoned her maid, dressed hurriedly, appeared unusually agitated, and explained to her servants that she had an early visit to pay, Madame X——did not communicate with her sister before quitting the house, which she left, alas! never to return On the sad tidings reaching her husband he instantly left New York and has been in Paris for some weeks, during which time he has spared neither money nor efforts to discover some trace of his beloved and beautiful wife But one thing is certain, that not the slightest blemish can be attached to her disappointment

The director general of the telegraphic lines lost his *chef de cabinet* three months ago in a similar mysterious manner, and although that period has elapsed neither friends nor telegraphic wires have elucidated the mystery One afternoon, M S——, who appeared very much preoccupied, entered his office, and having summoned his secretary, said to him 'My dear friend, I am obliged to absent myself for the next twenty four hours on private business' The Secretary, naturally replied, 'Very well, sir, what am I to do?' 'Go on with the work as usual, and should the director general send for me, say I shall return to morrow afternoon' M S——had received his monthly pay of £25 that morning' and had immediately paid all he owed amounting to £10 On quitting his office he had walked home, desired his *concierge* to call a carriage, walked up to his room, left some money on the chimney piece made some slight change in his dress, and got into the cab, giving directions to the driver in a low tone of voice From that hour to the present moment neither M S—— cab nor cabman has been discovered

M Baragnon advises every visitor to this capital to conform himself to the following rules of conduct To beware of anonymous letters, and send them at once to the commissaire of the quartier they inhabit, to beware of mysterious rendezvous to walk at night in the middle of any narrow street or passage their business may lead them by, and, finally never to go out at night without a whistle, which, of course, will at once attract the attention of the police Prince Ghika has never been heard of, nor there has the young friend of my own whose disappearance I recorded at the same time'

Excitement in a Circus.

A number of years ago, when Michigan was a new country, in Livingston County, town of———, there lived a family by the name of Clayton—and one called Perkins, also—as well as a great many others Pet Clayton was a tall, fine-looking fellow—a noble specimen of our backwoodsmen—standing six feet two in his stockings Pet had taken a shine to Miss Sally Perkins, and it was a well known fact they were engaged but the day when the knot was to be tied had not yet been divulged

In the month of August 1848, June's Circus came through this part for the first time, and in fact it was the first circus, that had ever visited this town, and there were a great many people that had never seen one When the important day arrived, the town was filled to overflowing with a motley crowd, of course, and every young fellow had his gal' Among them was Pet, with his Sal Now Pet wanted to get married on the coming Christmas, but Sally wished to have it put off until the next spring When the ticket wagon was opened the tent was filled in a hurry Pet and Sal had been looking through the side shows, and they were late getting in, and the performances had already commenced They walked around the entire ring trying to find a seat, and, although they could seat two thousand people, every seat was filled

'Never mind, said Sal 'I'd just as lief stand up'

But gallant Pet could not think of it, and said,

'Wait a minit, and I'll get a chair, and off he started, leaving Sal alone

Just at this moment the clown came in, dressed in the usual costume, and dancing around the ring, stopped right in front of Sal and began to sing

"O, Sally is the gal for me"

This caused Sal to blush, for she thought that the clown was looking right at her As she stood, near the ring, of course she hid the view of those lower seats directly behind her, and, as usual on such occasions, the clown cracks his jokes at the offenders until they take the hint and find a seat, but she said she had rather stand up At this the clown commenced his jokes, remarking to the ring master

'There is a chance for me now'

A chance for you"

'Yes don't you see that gal has lost her beau, and she is looking at me, I know' And turning three or four summersaults, he stopped directly in front of Sal and sung

"O Sally is the girl for me
I would not have any other;
And if Sally dies to morrow night,
I'd marry Sally's mother'

This, evidently meant for her, raised Sal's dander, and she burst out with

'I am the gal for you, am I? Marry my mother, would yer? You low lived, spotted scum of the earth! If my feller was here he would wollop you for that! I won't stay here another minit—neither would any decent people either!' Saying which she rushed out of the tent, amid roars of laughter

The clown assuming a comical attitude, remarked to the ring master, that his grandfather was a remarkable man, and so was his grandmother, too, but that gal beat all his forefathers

At this juncture, Pet rushed in, closely followed by Sal, and jumping into the ring he squared off at the clown, and said

'I'll teach you to insult any female under my charge! And he let fly at his opponent, and taking him plump in the face, sent him to mother earth, at which he jumped into him and [illegible] him unmercifully. Sal standing on the outside of the ring, clapped her hands and cried out

'That's it Pet! Give him Jessie, and we'll get married Christmas, sure!'

At this moment the ring master and three or four others [illegible] Pet and commenced to thrash him, when Pet's friends interfered, and a [illegible] fight ensued, which completely broke up the show.

When further [illegible] deponent saith not, only [illegible] was

'Give him Jessie—[illegible] we will get married [illegible]

FACTORY PROPERTY FOR SALE OR RENT.

A most substantial new building 114 by 41 feet, situated in Sangerville Village, finished in the best manner throughout for a Woolen Factory,—with driving wheel in, and one main line of shafting ready to be put up. Dye House 30 by 34 feet, furnished with large tubular boiler, together with water privilege, dams and flume complete. The above property is exempt from taxation for six years, and is offered for sale or rent on terms which will be made entirely satisfactory to any party who will put in machinery and carry on the Woolen Manufacturing business.

For further particulars apply to COL. WILLIAM OAKES, Sangerville Me

October 29th, 1866 dtf

Genteel Residence for Sale.

Being about to leave the city, the subscriber offers for sale his desirable BRICK RESIDENCE on State Street, together with the large adjoining lots—in all about two acres. The house is roomy and convenient is in a healthy location, fine neighborhood, has excellent garden with choice fruit trees, good stable, &c. &c. It is a very desirable situation. Apply soon

nov 29 S J MURPHY.

In the absence of Mr MURPHY, please call upon J B FOSTER & CO, Comm Merch'ts, 44 West Market Square

GREAT DISCOVERY!

ROGERS'

Excelsior Pain Curer!

THE BEST PREPARATION EVER MADE

FOR THE FOLLOWING COMPLAINTS:

ALL NERVOUS & NEURALGIC PAINS
PLEURISY PAINS,
RHEUMATISM,
TOOTHACHE
HEADACHE, EARACHE,
STIFF NECK
DIPHTHERIA,
SORE THROAT, and AGUE.

Also, available in all cases of

SPRAINS AND BRUISES!

TRY IT, AND YOU WILL BE SATISFIED!

Manufactured and sold, wholesale and retail by W W ROGERS, Hampden Corner Maine. Sold in Bangor by W L ALDEN & CO

December 31 3taw 6m

LOWER THAN THE [illegible]ES

WE are constantly receiving from New York and Boston the best Groceries to be found in the market.

NEW BUCKWHEAT,

STUART'S

NEW YORK SYRUP!

Wheat Meal,
Choice Family Flour,
New Raisins,
English Currants,
Citron.

All Goods Delivered Free of Charge.

Harris & Conner,

dec7, 53 WEST MARKET SQUARE

THE PLACE TO BUY FURNITURE

—IS AT—

C. C. PRESCOTT'S

WARE ROOMS.

Nos. 12 and 14 Central St.

NO BARTER PAY IN MY BUSINESS. Ready cash is the article used in the manufacture purchase and sale of my stock, which admits of my selling at prices that causes the old dealers to grumble, as I am daily taking away their customers

C. C PRESCOTT.

Bangor, January 11th 1867 1m

ST. XAVIER'S CONVENT

OF THE

SISTERS OF MERCY,

BANGOR MAINE

THIS Spacious and Beautiful Institution is located in a very healthful part of one of the first and most populous cities of the State It offers superior attractions to parents desirous of giving their children a *solid* and *refined education*. They may be assured that every necessary attention will be paid to the *health* and *comfort* of the pupils The utmost care will be taken to cultivate their *moral* and *religious principles* which alone render education profitable in after life

The educational course comprises every *useful* and *ornamental* branch suitable for Young Ladies

Difference of Religion will not be regarded in the admission of pupils who are willing to conform to the general regulations.

The Scholastic Year is divided into two sessions the first of which commences on the FIRST MONDAY OF SEPTEMBER. No entrance fees

TERMS

Board and Tuition, per Session, payable in advance	$75 00
Terms for Day Pupils, per Quarter,	00

EXTRA

Music, with use of Piano, per Quarter,	14 00
Vocal, " "	10 00
Guitar, " "	10 00
French, " "	10 00
Italian " "	10 00
German " "	10 00
Latin, " "	8 00
Drawing, " "	5 00
A complete set of Lessons in Book keeping, " "	15 00

Washing, mending or any of the usual incidental expenses are not subject to any extra charge Bed and bedding $5 50

UNIFORM.—Blue, Thibet, or Lyonese, in Winter Blue Muslin or Delaine, in Summer, Knife, Fork and Spoon, Table Napkins This uniform can be provided at the convenience of parents or guardians.

No deduction made for accidental absence, except when occasioned by sickness

An extra charge of $25 00 for all who remain as boarders during vacation

For further information apply at the Convent or by letter to the Directress of the Institution

sept12 MOTHER MARY GONZAGA

American & Foreign Patents.

R. H. EDDY,

SOLICITOR OF PATENTS,

Late Agent of the U S Patent Office Washington, under the Act of 1837.

No 78 State Street, (opposite Kilby street,) Boston.

AFTER an extensive practice of upwards of twenty years, continues to secure Patents in the United States also in Great Britain, France and other foreign countries Caveats, Specifications, Bonds, Assignments, and all papers or drawings for Patents, executed on reasonable terms, with dispatch Researches made into American and Foreign works, to determine the validity and utility of Patents of Inventions, and legal and other advice rendered in all matters touching the same Copies of the claims of any patent furnished by remitting one dollar Assignments recorded in Washington

No Agency in the United States possesses superior facilities for obtaining Patents, or ascertaining the patentability of inventions.

During eight months the subscriber, in the course of his large practice, made on twice rejected applications SIXTEEN APPEALS, every one of which was decided in *his favor* by the Commissioner of Patents.

TESTIMONIALS.

"I regard Mr. Eddy as one of the *most capable and successful* practitioners with whom I have had official intercourse. CHAS. MASON," Commissioner of Patents.

"I have no hesitation in assuring inventors that they can not employ a man more competent and trustworthy, and more capable of putting their applications in a form to secure for them an early and favorable consideration at the Patent Office. [illegible] Commissioner of Patents.

"Mr R. H. Eddy has made for me THIRTEEN applications in all but ONE of which patents have been granted, [illegible] JOHN TAGGART.

[illegible]

Groceries & Provisions

[illegible]

B. PLUMMER & SONS'

FIRE AND LIFE

INSURANCE AGENCY,

Bangor, Maine.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION

OF THE

Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.,

On the first day of December, 1866.

Being a Mutual Company, it has no Capital Stock.
Amount of Accumulated Capital, $12,922,221 83

INVESTED AS FOLLOWS

Am't loaned on collateral security,	$218 800 00
" loaned on bond & mortgage of real estate,	3,296,596 16
" cash on hand	20,320 73
" cash in hands of agents and in transit,	362,613 80
" bonds of the U S'ates,	2,735 920 00
" bonds of the State of Connecticut,	1,000,000 00
" invested in bank and railroad stocks,	33,525 00
" premium notes bearing 6 ₩ ct. interest,	4,631,200 46
" real estate owned by the Company,	30,187 03
" of city railroad bonds owned by the Comp'y,	16,991 25
" accrued interest,	266,057 90
	$12,922,221 83

LIABILITIES

Am't outstanding losses, adjusted and not due,	$293,500 00
" do unadjusted,	12,000 00
	$305,500 00
" dividend declared and not yet due,	154,362 00
" insured by existing policies	115,788,581 00

[Stamp] W. S. OLMSTEAD, Sec'y
Hartford, Dec. 1, 1866

B. PLUMMER & SONS Agents.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION

OF THE

Home Insurance Company,

OF NEW YORK,

On the first day of December, 1866 to the Secretary of state of the State of Maine pursuant to the Statute of that State

NAME AND LOCATION

The name of this Company is THE HOME INSURANCE COMPANY, incorporated in 1853, and located in the city of New York,

CAPITAL

The Capital of said Company actually paid up in cash, is	$2,000 000 00
The Surplus on the 1st day of December, 1866	1 525 373 57
Total amount of Capital and Surplus,	$3 525 373 57

ASSETS.

Am't of Cash in Continental National Bank, N Y,		$160 518 4
Cash in hands of Agents, and in course of transmission, (estimated)		304 552 9
U S. Registered and Coupon Stock, 1881, market value	$204 530 00	
U S Bonds, 5 20, market value,	1,211 089 00	1,415 619 00
Missouri State Bonds 6 per centum market value,	17 550 00	
North Carolina Bonds 6 per centum market value,	5,700 00	
Tennessee Bonds 6 per cent market value,	17,2.0 00	
Wisconsin State, 6 per cent. market value,	29 100 00	
Illinois 6 per centum market value,	20,000,00	
Rhode Island, 6 per cent, market value,	49,500 00	
California State Bonds 7 per centum market value,	53,750 00	
Conn State Bonds market value	99 590 00	
New York City Central Park Bonds market value,	55,775 00	
Queens County Bonds, market value,	25 000 00	
Richmond County Bonds, market value,	21,500 00	
Brooklyn City Water Bonds, market value,	9,850 00	412,475 00
Bank Stocks, market value		123,612 00
Loans on Bonds and Mortgages, being first lien of record on Unincumbered Real Estate, worth at least $2,225 000, rate of interest 6 and 7 per cent.,		968 692 50
Loans on Stocks and Bonds, pay able on demand the market value of securities pledged, at least $93,250,		72,150 00
Steamer Magne and Wrecking apparatus,		63,483 00
Government Stamps,		439 60
Other Property Miscellaneous Items,		39,759 34
Due for Premiums on Policies issued at Office (Fire, Inland and Marine)		29 302 10
Bills Receivable for Premiums on Marine and Inland Navigation Risks, &c ,		50 003 82
Interest accrued and not due 1st December,		36 521 00
		$3,698,034 77

LIABILITIES

Am't Losses adjusted, and due and unpaid,	None
" Losses incurred, and in process of adjustment,	170,556 18
" Dividends declared and due and unpaid	1 800 00
" Dividends, either cash or scrip, declared, but not yet due,	None
" All other existing claims against the Company,	None
Total am't Losses Claims and Liabilities,	$172 556 18

The greatest amount insured on any one risk is $75,000 but will not as a general rule exceed $10,000

The Company has no general rule as to the amount allowed to be insured in any city town, village or block, being governed in this matter, in each case by the general character of buildings, width of streets facilities for putting out fires, &c

A certified copy of the Charter or Act of Incorporation, amended, accompanied a previous statement

STATE OF NEW YORK }
City and County of New York } ss

Charles J Martin, President, and John McGee, Secretary, of the Home Insurance Company, being severally and duly sworn, depose and say, and each for himself says, that the foregoing is a true, full and correct statement of the affairs of the said Corporation, and that they are the above described officers thereof

(Signed) CHARLES J MARTIN, Pres't.
(Signed) JOHN McGEE, Sec'y

Subscribed and sworn before me, this 19th day of December, A D 1866.

[L S] Signed) THOS. F GOODRICH, Notary Public.

B. PLUMMER & SONS, Agents.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION

OF THE

Etna Insurance Company,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.,

On the 1st day of November 1866, as required by the laws of the State of Maine, approved April, 1856

The Capital Stock is $3 000 000 and with the Surplus, is invested as follows

Real estate unincumbered,	178,370 76
Cash on hand, on deposit, and in Agents' hands,	439,481 07
United States Securities,	735,632 25
State and City Stocks, and Town Bonds	941,523 33
Bank and Trust Company Stocks,	1,184,980 00
Railroad Company Stocks,	284,831 25
Mortgaged Bonds	584 640 00
Mutual Insurance Company scrip,	295 00
Total assets,	$4 355,545 66
Amount of Liabilities for Losses not not due or adjusted,	309,131 85
Amount at Risk, estimated,	230,751,683 00

LUCIUS J. HENDEE, Pres't.
JOTHAM GOODNOW, Sec'y
Hartford, November 30, 1866.

STATE OF CONNECTICUT, }
Hartford County. } ss.

HARTFORD, November 30, 1866.

Personally appeared before me Henry Fowler, a Justice of the Peace duly qualified to administer oaths, Lucius J. Hendee, President, and Jotham Goodnow, Secretary and made solemn oath that the foregoing statement of the Assets and condition of the Etna Insurance Company is true

HENRY FOWLER, Justice of the Peace

B. PLUMMER & SONS, Agents.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION

OF THE

International Insurance Co.,

On the thirty-first day of October, 1866, in accordance with the Laws of Maine,

The name of the Company is the "INTERNATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY" It is located in the City of New York, and was incorporated Jan. 1853. The amount of the Capital Stock is one Million Dollars, and is all paid up

The Assets of the Company are as follows:

Cash on hand and in hands of Agents	$66,075 78
United States Five-Twenties, market value	587,706 00
United States Seven-Thirties, market value	265,000 00 / 100,000 00
[illegible] Ten-Forties market value [illegible] War Bonds,	31,460 00

[illegible]

by a prudent regard for the construction, occupancy and exposure of risks.
The Act of Incorporation is herewith.

STATE OF NEW YORK, }
County of New York, November 1st, 1866. }

CHARLES TAYLOR, President and C. C. HINE, Secretary, of the INTERNATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY, to me personally known, depose and say that they are said officers, and that the foregoing is a true, full and correct statement of the affairs of said Company on the thirty-first day of October, 1866; that said Company is the bona fide owner of One Million Dollars, Cash Capital, and Four Hundred and Sixty Thousand and Six Dollars and Twenty-Four Cents, Cash Surplus, invested as above, all of which is the absolute property of said Company, free and clear from all liens and claims thereon, except as above stated, (and as may be necessary for a "re-insurance fund,") according to the best of their knowledge, information and belief respectively. CHARLES TAYLOR, President.
C. C. HINE, Secretary

Sworn to and subscribed, the date last above written, before me. CHARLES NETTLETON, Commissioner for the State of Maine.

B. Plummer & Sons, Ag'ts.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION

OF THE

North American Fire Insurance Company,

OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK,

For the year ending November 1st, 1866, made to the Secretary of State of the State of Maine, pursuant to laws of that State, viz,

Capital Stock, all paid in,	$500,000 00
Surplus on hand Nov 1, 1866,	227,438 28
Total Assets,	$727,438 28
Consisting as follows	
Invested in Bonds and Mortgages,	$314,310 00
Loans on demand, secured by Collaterals,	9,800 00
United States Bonds, various denominations,	367,145 00
Sundry State Bonds,	24,980 00
Cash on hand, in hands of Agents,	56,072 68
Interest accrued on investments,	23,968 38
Other Assets,	31,062 22
	$727,438 28

LIABILITIES.

Losses unpaid, awaiting final adjustment, $23,348 17

R. W. BLEECKER, Secretary.

STATE OF NEW YORK, }
City and County of New York, } ss

On this 13th day of December, A. D 1866, before me personally appeared R. W Bleecker, to me known, and known to be the Secretary of the North American Fire Insurance Company, 41 New York, who being by me duly sworn, did depose and say that the within certificate by him subscribed, is true and correct in every respect, and that the seal thereto affixed is the Corporate seal of said Company R. W. BLEECKER.

Sworn to before me this 13th day of December, A. D. 1866, as witness my hand and official seals

CHARLES NETTLETON, Comm'r for Maine in New York

B. Plummer & Sons, Ag't's.

Statement to Maine, November 1st, 1866.

THE NAME OF THE COMPANY IS THE

ARCTIC FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Incorporated July 16th, 1853 and located in the City of New York

CAPITAL.

Capital of the Company paid up in Cash,	$500 000 00
Surplus on the first day of Nov, 1866	115 994 60
Total,	$615 994 60

ASSETS.

Cash in St. Nicholas National Bank and in office,	$60 900 89
Loans on Bonds and Mortgages, worth at least double amount loaned,	160 810 00
Loans on Stocks and Bonds, held as collateral,	46 224 58
U. S Bonds and Treas Notes,	223,570 00
Tennessee Bonds,	17 875 00
Wisconsin Bonds,	12,000 00
Nebraska Bonds	50 00
Interest actually due and unpaid	741 00
Interest accrued and not due,	4,475 35
Real Estate (unencumbered)	none.
Cash in hands of Agents and in course of transmission,	53,000 00
Bills receivable for premiums on inland risks,	12,440 00
Cash premiums uncollected on Policies issued at office,	13,107 28
Salvages,	10 500 00
Total,	$615 994 60

LIABILITIES

Am't of Losses adjusted due and unpaid		None
" incurred and in process of adjustment,		$48 809 13
Am't of claims for losses resisted by Co,		3,400 00
" due for dividends,		45 00
Total,		$52,254 13

Total amount of risks in force, $29,523,667.78.

(Signed) H E WILMARTH, V. Pres
CHAS BAMBURGH, Asst. Sec

STATE OF MAINE

City County, and State of New York—ss.

Personally appeared H E Wilmarth, Vice President, and Charles Bamburgh, Asst. Secretary of the above Company, and severally made oath that the above statement, by them subscribed, is, in their belief, true. Before me

(Signed) J. W. WILDEY, Commissioner for Maine, Justice of the Peace
(Stamp) in New York

B. PLUMMER & SONS, Agents.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION

OF THE

Springfield Fire and Marine Insurance Company,

OF SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

On the first day of November, 1866 in conformity with the laws of the State of Maine.

1 The name and locality of the Company Springfield Fire and Marine Springfield Mass
2 The amount of its Capital Stock, Five Hundred Thousand Dollars
3 The amount of its Capital Stock paid up, Five Hundred Thousand Dollars.
4 The assets of the Company, including:

I. The amount of Cash on hand,	$12 884 30
Amount of cash on hand, from Agents and others in course of transmission,	29 971 23
II The Real Estate unencumbered	60 000 00
III The Bonds owned by the Company, and how they are secured, with the rate of interest thereon,	
$50,000 U S 6's of '81 Coupon Bonds, a 113¼,	56,875 00
$75,000 U S 5-20s of '65 Coupon Bonds, a 111¼,	83,343 75
Home, Watertown and Ordensburg Potsdam and Watertown,	1 650 00 / 3000 00
IV Debts to the Company, secured by mortgage,	106,363 33
V Debts otherwise secured	
VI Loans on Personal Security	
VII Loans on Collateral Security,	49 091 67
VIII Debts for Premiums,	
IX All other Securities:	
Bank Stock as per schedule	148,004 25
Rail Road Stocks as per schedule,	136,298 25
Bills receivable,	
Office Furniture, Rents, and accrued interest,	10,316 12
	$697,797 90
Surplus over capital	197,797 90

5 The amount of Liabilities due or not due to Banks or other Creditors by the Company, none.
6 Losses adjusted and due, none.
7. Losses adjusted and not due none
8. Losses unadjusted, $37,371 49
9. Losses in suspense, waiting for further proof, 2,100
10. All other claims against the Company, none.
11. The greatest amount insured in any one risk.
12. The greatest amount allowed by the Rules to be insured in any one City, Town or Village, *Ans.* As much insured as is deemed prudent.
13 The greatest amount allowed to be insured in any one Block, *Ans.* See answer to question 12.

EDMUND FREEMAN, *President.*
SANFORD J. HALL, *Assistant Secretary*
[Seal.]

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

HAMPDEN, SS., November 15, 1866 Personally appeared Edmund Freeman, President, and Sanford J. Hall, Assistant Secretary, of the above Company, and severally made oath that the above statement, by them subscribed, is in their belief, true. Before me, JOHN M. STEBBINS, Justice of the Peace.
[Seal.]

B. PLUMMER & SONS, Agents.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION

OF THE

Hartford Live Stock Ins. Co.,

OF HARTFORD CONN.

On the 31st day of October, 1866

The Capital Stock of the Company is $100 000 which is all paid in.

The Assets of the Company are as follows

	Par value	Market value.
United States Government Bonds,	$24,000 00	$25,955 50
Conn. State Bonds,	6,000 00	6,006 00
Hartford City Bonds,	1,000 00	1,000 00
100 shares Mercantile National Bank Stock Hartford,	10,000 00	10,500 00
Real Estate Loans, mortgages on property worth double the amount,		36,500 00
Cash on hand and in hands of Agents and in Mercantile National Bank, and 1st National Bank, Hartford,		22,342 66
Accrued Interest,		[illegible]
Balance on Ledger, from Agents,		2,765 87
		$105,[illegible]

LIABILITIES.

Losses unadjusted [illegible]
Losses [illegible]
Other Liabilities [illegible]

[illegible]

CONSTITUTION

LIFE SYRUP.

A positive and specific remedy for all disease originating from an IMPURE STATE OF THE BLOOD, and for all (hereditary) DISEASES transmitted from PARENT TO CHILD.

SCROFULA,

STRUMA, GLANDULAR SWELLINGS,
ULCERATION, KING'S EVIL,
ERYSIPELAS. SALT RHEUM

This taint (HEREDITARY AND ACQUIRED), filling life with untold misery, is by all usual medical remedies incurable.

RHEUMATISM.

If there is any disease in which the Constitution Life Syrup is a sovereign, it is in rheumatism and its kindred affections The most intense pains are almost instantly alleviated—enormous swellings are reduced. Cases chronic or vicarious, of twenty or thirty years standing have been cured.

NERVOUSNESS,

Nervous Debility Shattered Nerves,
St. Vitus' Dance, Loss of Power,
Confusion of Thoughts, Epilepsy

Thousands who have suffered for years will bless the day on which they read these lines. Particularly to weak, suffering women will this medicine prove an inestimable blessing—directing their foot steps to a Hope which fulfills more than it promises

MERCURIAL DISEASES.

Salivation, Rotting of Bones,
Bad Complexion, Aches in Bones,
Feeling of Weakness, Depression of Spirits.

CONSTITUTION LIFE SYRUP purges the system entirely from all the evil effects of MERCURY, removing the Bad Breath, curing the Weak Joints and Rheumatic Pains which the use of Calomel is sure to produce. It hardens Spongy Gums and secures the Teeth as firmly as ever

CONSTITUTION LIFE SYRUP

Eradicates, root and branch, all Eruptive Diseases, of the Skin like

ULCERS, PIMPLES, BLOTCHES,

and all other difficulties of this kind which so much disfigure the outward appearance of both males and females, often making them a disgusting object to themselves and their friends

CONSTITUTION LIFE SYRUP

CURES ALL SWELLING OF THE GLANDS,

Either of the Face, Neck, or Female Breast, and should be taken as soon as the swelling is detected, thus preventing their breaking, and producing troublesome Discharging Sores, which disfigure so many of the younger portion of the community, from six to twenty years of age. Young children are very subject to Discharges from the Ears, which depends upon a Scrofulous constitution. These cases soon recover by taking a few doses of the Life Syrup

All scrofulous persons suffering from general Debility, Emaciation, Dyspepsia and Dropsy of the limbs abdomen, and in the female, Dropsy of the ovaries and womb, generally accompanied with inflammation and Ulceration of the Uterus are permanently cured by Constitution Life Syrup The disease known as Goitre or Swelled Neck the Life Syrup will remove entirely The remedy should be taken for some time, as the disease is exceedingly chronic and stubborn, and will not be removed without extra effort.

Tumors of the Ovaries, Tumors of the Breast, and swelling of other glands of the body, will be completely reduced without resorting to the knife, or operations of any kind.

Epileptic Fits, Sympathetic or Organic Disease of the Heart, as palpitation, Disease of the Valves producing a grating or filing sound, Dropsey of the Heart Case and all the affections of this important organ (persons suffering from any acute pain in the region of the heart), will be greatly relieved by Constitution Life Syrup

BROKEN DOWN AND DELICATE CONSTITUTIONS SUFFERING FROM INDISPOSITION TO EXERTION, PAIN IN THE BACK, LOSS OF MEMORY, FOREBODINGS, HORROR OF CALAMITY, FEAR OF DISEASE, DIMNESS OF VISION, DRY, HOT SKIN AND EXTREMITIES, WANT OF SLEEP RESTLESSNESS, PALE, HAGGARD COUNTENANCE, AND LASSITUDE OF THE MUSCULAR SYSTEM, all require the aid of the CONSTITUTION LIFE SYRUP.

FOR ALL FORMS OF

Ulcerative Diseases,

Either of the NOSE THROAT, TONGUE, SPINE, FOREHEAD or SCALP, no remedy has ever proved its equal.

MOTH PATCHES upon the female face depend upon the diseased action of the liver, are very unpleasant to the young wife and mother A few bottles of CONSTITUTION LIFE SYRUP, will correct the secretion, and remove the deposit which is directly under the skin

In the diseases of the Liver, giving rise to Languor Dizziness, Indigestion, Weak Stomach or an ulcerated or cancerous condition of that organ, accompanied with burning or other unpleasant symptoms, will be relieved by the use of CONSTITUTION LIFE SYRUP.

AS A GENERAL BLOOD PURIFYING AGENT THE LIFE SYRUP STANDS UNRIVALLED BY ANY PREPARATION IN THE WORLD

THE RICH AND POOR

are liable to the same diseases Nature and Science has made the CONSTITUTION LIFE SYRUP for the benefit of all.

PURE BLOOD

Produces healthy men and women, and if the constitution is neglected in youth, disease and early death is the result.

Price $1 25 per bottle; one half dozen for $7.

CONSTITUTION CATHARTIC LIFE PILLS.
CONSTITUTION CATHARTIC LIFE PILLS.
CONSTITUTION CATHARTIC LIFE PILLS.
CONSTITUTION CATHARTIC LIFE PILLS.

PRICE 25 CENTS PER BOX.
PRICE 25 CENTS PER BOX.
PRICE 25 CENTS PER BOX.
PRICE 25 CENTS PER BOX.

WM H. GREGG & CO., Proprietors.
MORGAN & ALLEN, General Agents, No. 46 Cliff St., New York.
GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO., Boston
april 5—3taw—eow—d&wly

[illegible]

Instantaneous Silver Plating

[illegible]

Eastport, Calais and St. John.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ONE TRIP PER WEEK.

On and after MONDAY, Dec 17th, the Steamer *New Brunswick*, Captain E. B. WINCHESTER, will leave Railroad Wharf foot of State Street, Portland, every MONDAY at 5 o'clock, P.M., for Eastport and St. John.

Returning will leave St. John every THURSDAY at 8 o'clock, A. M.

At Eastport Stage Coaches will connect for Machias.

At St. John the E. & N A Railway will connect for Shediac

Freight received on days of sailing until four o'clock P M. C C EATON Agent

Apply at 22 West Market Square dec 20 tf

Fare Reduced to Boston.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

UNTIL further notice the Steamers of the Portland Steam Packet Company will run as follows —

Leave Atlantic Wharf for Boston every evening (except Sunday), at 7 o clock

Leaves Boston the same days at 7 P M

Fare in Cabin, $1 50
Deck fare, 1 00

Package Tickets to be had of the Agents at reduced rates

Freight taken as usual L. BILLINGS, Agent.
May 30 1866 edtf

Portland and New York STEAMSHIP COMPANY,

SEMI-WEEKLY LINE.

The splendid and fast Steamships DIRIGO, Capt. H. SHERWOOD, and FRANCONIA, Capt. W W SHERWOOD, will, until further notice, run as follows

Leave Brown's Wharf, Portland, every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY at 4 P M., and leave Pier 38 East River New York, every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, at 4 o'clock P. M.

These vessels are fitted up with fine accommodations for passengers, making this the most speedy, safe and comfortable route for travellers between New York and Maine Passage, in State Room, $6. Cabin passage $5 Meals extra.

Goods forwarded by this line to and from Montreal Quebec, Bangor, Bath, Augusta, Eastport and St John

Shippers are requested to send their freight to the Steamer as early as 3 P M., on the day that they leave Portland

For freight or passage, apply to
EMERY & FOX, Brown s Wharf, Portland.
J F AMES, Pier 38 East River

Portland, May 9 1866

NEW HOTEL IN DEXTER.

"MERCHANTS EXCHANGE"

We have this day opened a new and elegant Public House in Dexter This Hotel is a large new, three story building situated in the most central part of the village is just completed at great expense thoroughly finished with all the modern improvements has 35 rooms all furnished with new and choice furniture some of them suits of rooms to accommodate families There is a Livery Stable attached where excellent teams can be had at all times We intend to spare no pains to please the public and to make the "Merchant's Exchange" a first class house in every respect and respectfully solicit public patronage

HAYES & MURCH.

L. D HAYES EBEN MURCH
Dexter, Dec 27 1867. jan 10 d&w3m

NATIONAL HOUSE,

Harlow St., Bangor, Maine,

A R GREENOUGH, - - Proprietor.

This House is situated in the most business part of the City, and is now open to the travelling community.

The Proprietor hopes by strict and personal attention to receive a liberal share of patronage

The tables will be furnished with the best the Market affords and every attention paid to the wants of his guests

There is attached to this House a good STABLE, with attentive Ostler Charges moderate

A R GREENOUGH

Bangor, September 13 1866

SNELL HOUSE.

The Subscriber has purchased the above House, and proposes to keep a

"First Class Hotel."

He has repaired the House, put down new carpets, made additions to the furniture &c., &c He has also secured the services of M H HUNTRESS, as Clerk And by the experience he has had in the business, he flatters himself that he can suit the people of Aroostook—*or any other man.*

GEO PARKS Proprietor

Houlton, July 1, 1865 1y6

MADAME ZADOC PORTER'S

Curative Cough Balsam,

PRICE, 25 AND 50 CENTS PER BOTTLE

The Best, Cheapest, and Most effectual Remedy for Coughs, Colds, &c. the World has ever produced. Purely Vegetable, contains no MINERALS, or other DELETERIOUS DRUGS.



The CURATIVE BALSAM is Warranted, if used according to Directions, to CURE in all cases, Coughs Colds Croup Whooping Cough, Asthma and all affections of the Throat and Lungs

Madame Zadoc Porter's Balsam is a PURELY VEGETABLE EXPECTORANT, prepared with great care and scientific skill from a combination of the best remedies the vegetable kingdom affords

Its remedial qualities are based on its power to assist the healthy and vigorous circulation of the Blood through the Lungs

It enlivens the muscles and assists the skin to perform the duties of regulating the heat of the system and in gently throwing off the waste substance from the surface of the body

It loosens the phlegm induces free spitting, and will be found very agreeable to the taste It is not a violent remedy but emollient warming searching and effective can be taken by the oldest person or youngest child

If you have a Cold, if ever so slight, do not fail to give the Balsam a trial as the very low price at which it is sold brings it in the reach of every one, that they may always keep it convenient for use

The timely use of a 25 cent bottle will often prove to be worth one hundred times its cost

Sold by all Druggists.

HALL & RUCKEL, Proprietors, New York

Nov 2199. Tu& Fd&wly

Excelsior Window Polish!

The Most Wonderful Thing of the Age!

IT gives an instantaneous polish to the glass, removing paint, putty grease, &c It makes your Silver, Britannia, Tin, Brass and Knives, look as good as new with little labor and no water or dirt! It removes ink stains and pencil marks from wood and paint work, and is unsurpassed for cleaning paint. Manufactured by J. G WOOLCOCK, New Bedford, Mass

For sale in Bangor wholesale and retail by B F. BRADBURY No 8 Smith's Block, & J P PATTEN & CO , No 1 Granite Block.

August 28th,—d&w6m

DIRECTIONS

FOR

MAKING SOAP

With your Waste Grease!

Penn'a. Salt M'fg. Co's.

RENOWNED

Saponifier!

2 Cents only for every pound of Soap.

LYE LYE

DIRECTIONS.

Dissolve one box of Lye in 2½ pounds (pints) of hot water, in an iron pot. Melt in another pot or pan 5 lbs of clean fat or grease Take off of the fire, and into this stir slowly the dissolved lye, and keep stirring until the whole becomes well mixed and like molasses. Now cover up, and set in a warm place over night. Next day cut up into small pieces, add 6 lbs (or pints) of water and melt with a gentle heat until the soap is all dissolved then pour into a tub to cool. When cold, cut into bars, which will be fit to use in about 10 days.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

Be particular in asking for PENN'A. SALT M'F'G CO'S. SAPONIFIER.

dec1 3taw&weowly

THE LARGEST STOCK

—OF—

ENGLISH & AMERICAN

[illegible]

PORTLAND & KENNEBEC RAILROAD

"Lower Kennebec Route" via Kendall's Mills, Waterville, and Augusta

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

PASSENGER TRAINS leave Kendall's Mills daily, for Portland and Boston upon the arrival of the 7 00 A.M. train from Bangor with trains at Brunswick for Lewiston [illegible] &c

Returning—Passenger Train leaves Portland on arrival of train from Boston at 1 [illegible] at Kendall's Mills with train for Bangor [illegible] mediate stations

Freight Train, leaves Kendall's [illegible] for Portland, and through to Boston [illegible] of cars *Returning* Freight Train [illegible] ville at 3 25 P M and Kendall's Mills [illegible]

Connection Tickets between Bangor [illegible] on the Maine Central Railroad and [illegible] Brunswick on the Portland and Kennebec [illegible] are now sold, and baggage marked [illegible]

Through Fares from Bangor and all [illegible] on the Maine Central Railroad [illegible] Mills to Portland and Boston by [illegible] Kennebec Railroad will be made [illegible] route as by the Maine Central [illegible] Roads. So also from Portland [illegible] gor and all other stations [illegible]

Passengers going East will change [illegible] depot they arrive at in Portland [illegible] is allowed to dine W. H[illegible]

nov19 1866

Bangor, Oldtown and Milford

RAIL ROAD COMPANY

WINTER ARRANGEMENT

ON and after MONDAY, Nov 1th, [illegible] will leave as follows till further [illegible]

Leave Bangor at 7 A M 12 M [illegible] P
Leave Milford at 8 A M 1 P M [illegible]
Leave Oldtown at 8½ A M 2 P M [illegible]

Bangor Nov 15th 1866

MAINE CENTRAL RAIL ROAD

WINTER ARRANGEMENT

ON and after MONDAY next, trains will leave Bangor daily for Portland and Boston at [illegible] A M

Accommodation train for Waterville [illegible] mediate stations at 1.30 P M daily

Trains from Portland and Boston [illegible] Bangor at 8 P. M., and from Waterville [illegible]

Through tickets are sold at Bangor for [illegible] and Boston by this line only.

EDWIN NOYES [illegible]

November 10 1866

NEW [illegible]

SOLDIERS who have served THREE YEARS or their widows or heirs are entitled to

$100 Additional Bounty.

And Soldiers who have served TWO YEARS [illegible] their widows or heirs are entitled to an additional Bounty of $50 Increased Invalid Pensions [illegible] $20 and $25 per month according to the [illegible] disability.

Increased Pensions

FOR WIDOWS.

All Widows drawing Pensions are now entitled to an increase of two dollars per month [illegible] each child under sixteen years of age

Three Months Pay Proper

Officers who were in the service Mar [illegible] and were honorably discharged after [illegible] are entitled to 3 months pay proper

All persons having claims under the [illegible] should make application at once, in person or by letter at the old and reliable War Claim [illegible]

Ferkins & Stevens,

NO 1 MAIN STREET BANGOR MAINE

N B—They refer to the thousands of claimants whose claims they have prosecuted in a speedy and satisfactory manner aug 2

Pensions!---Bounty!

(NEW LAW!)

Important to all Soldiers!

PENSIONS INCREASED

I AM AUTHORIZED BY LAW TO GET AN *INCREASE* of Pension from

$8 to $15 Per Month,

For every Soldier who lost a *hand* or *foot* in the army or who is disabled by wounds or disease *equal* to the loss of a *hand* or *foot*

Also—An *INCREASE OF PENSION* for the classes, and for dependent *fathers* and brothers. Full information given by calling on the subscriber

BOUNTIES EQUALIZED!

This Law has passed the House and will be one a law in a few days—when all the early soldiers of the war, and their widows and heirs, shall have their just due

Apply early either in person or by letter to the OLD WAR CLAIM AGENCY of

C. P. BROWN,

June 18th 1866—d&wtf BANGOR

Special Notice

To Soldiers and Seamen!!

The Law Has Passed!

Bounties Equalized.

Justice Done the Early Soldiers and Seamen of the War, their Widows and Heirs

NOTICE has been sent me from Washington that the Law equalizing the bounty of Soldiers and Seamen, was passed Saturday last, July 28 by Congress.

I am now authorized and prepared to collect the Bounty for every Soldier and Seaman entitled to it for their Widows and Heirs

Application made personally at my office or by mail,—the discharge of the Soldier or Seaman should be handed in—as it must be forwarded with the application

All applications must be made signed witnessed and sworn to, AFTER THE PASSAGE OF THIS LAW Many soldiers have been induced to sign papers before the law passed, This [illegible] irregular fraudulent and void and papers in all such cases must be made over

Soldiers and Seamen

Call early and get full particulars at the Old War Claim Agency of

C. P. BROWN,

July 30 BANGOR

The New Bounty Law.

SAVE YOUR MONEY!

SOLDIERS AND THEIR HEIRS can get the New Bounty, given by an Act of Congress of July 28, 1866, by calling on the subscriber a United States Special Agent, cheaper than at any other office in the State.

Daniel Sanborn,

aug 1—tf U S AGENT



THE

BEST COOKING STOVE,

IN THE MARKET

"PEERLESS," FOR COAL OR WOOD

THE "PEERLESS" has all the advantages of the popular stoves in use, together with such NEW FEATURES as justify the manufacturers in calling it the BEST COOKING STOVE in the market.

It is the "PEERLESS" because it is superior to all other Cooking Stoves in *Economy, Simplicity, Cleanliness, Baking, Roasting and Beauty*

1st, ECONOMY A patented method of heating the air and conveying it through the oven saves from twenty to thirty per cent, of fuel.

2d, SIMPLICITY. It is easily managed The fire can be perfectly controlled, and kept through an entire season without rekindling

3d, CLEANLINESS No dust escapes while shaking or dumping the grate.

4th, BAKING Its large oven wherein all parts are of equal temperature, bakes as evenly [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] WENTWORTH.

[illegible] & CO.